

# **City of Tomball, Texas**

## **Comprehensive Annual Financial Report**

**For the Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2010**

*COMPREHENSIVE  
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT*

of the

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**

For the Year Ended  
September 30, 2010

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# CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS

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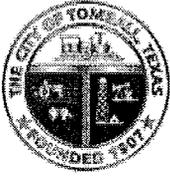
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***INTRODUCTORY SECTION***

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# City of Tomball

*Gretchen Fagan*

*Mayor*

*George Shackelford*

*City Manager*

January 15, 2011

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Tomball, Texas:

It is with great pleasure that we present to you a copy of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Tomball, Texas (the "City") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. The responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented information and the completeness and fairness of the presentation of the data, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the results of operations of the various funds of the City, as well as the fund balances. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The CAFR is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial, and Statistical. The Introductory Section includes this transmittal letter, the City's organizational chart, and a list of principal officials, elected and appointed. The Financial Section includes Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Other Supplemental Information, as well as the independent auditors' report. The Statistical Section includes selected financial and demographic information generally presented on a multi-year basis.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

## **Profile of the Government**

The City, incorporated on July 18, 1933, is located northwest of Houston, Texas, in a rapidly growing area of Harris County. The City currently occupies a land area of 11.71 square miles and serves an estimated population of 11,670. The City of Tomball is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the governing council.

The City has operated under the council-manager form of government since 1980. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of the mayor and five council members. The council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve three-year terms, with two council members elected every year. The mayor is elected to serve a three-year term. The mayor and council are elected at large. The governing council is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring both the City Manager and City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the various departments.

The City provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure; recreational activities and cultural events. Solid waste services are provided through a contract with Waste Corporation of America.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All departments of the City are required to submit requests for appropriation to the Finance Director. These requests serve as a starting point for developing a proposed budget. The Finance Director provides the information to the City Manager who then presents this proposed budget to the council for review. The council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than September 30, the close of the City's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. Department heads may make requests to the City Manager for transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments, however, require the special approval of the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented on page 63 as part of required supplementary information. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report, which starts on page 71.

### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

The information presented in the financial statements is better understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Tomball operates.

#### **Local Economy**

The City currently enjoys a favorable economic environment and local indicators point to continued stability. The region has a varied manufacturing and technology base that adds to the relative stability of the unemployment rate. Major industries with headquarters or divisions located within the City's boundaries or in close proximity include international headquarters for a large oil related corporation, a regional hospital with related health care facilities, a community college, and computer hardware and software manufacturers. There are several major retail centers and restaurants that are located in the City, adding further jobs and sales tax revenues.

The region (which covers an area within a five-mile radius from the center of the City) has an employed labor force of approximately 46,457 which is anticipated to grow for the next several years. The largest groups of employers are in retail and in health services. There are three new subdivisions in the early development stages which show the prospect of continued residential growth.

#### **Long-Term Financial Planning**

The governing council has allocated funds to revitalize the historic downtown area of Tomball. This project includes the restoration of the original train depot, expanded parking, sidewalk additions and improvements, landscaping, new thematic street lights and public facilities. The City believes that by improving this area, Tomball will attract more tourists and improve the revenues generated by an attractive and convenient atmosphere in the historical downtown area.

In conjunction with the Tomball Economic Development Corporation, the City is expanding water, sewer, and gas utilities east, west, and south to accommodate the anticipated future commercial development. Utilities on the west side of the City are along the Texas Farm-to-Market Highway 2920 linking I-45 (which runs north to Dallas from Houston) to SH290 (which runs west to Austin from Houston). This road is heavily traveled and attractive to commercial industry. The expansion on the east side of the City, from FM2920 to the southern portion of the City limits has been completed and will assist in the growth and development in the southeastern portion of the City. The south side utility project, designed to fully loop utilities around the southern border of the current City limits, and to provide utility access to undeveloped areas of the City, has been completed.

Drainage detention and channels have been ongoing projects for several years and are designed to provide a means of flood control in the area to reduce the impact of increased real estate development. Because these projects are multi-million dollar endeavors, the City, partnering with private landowners and other governmental entities, is taking manageable steps to accomplish these flood control goals.

### **Major Initiatives**

The largest revenue source in the General Fund is sales tax. The City has experienced a great deal of commercial retail growth over the last several years. Although additional retail establishments continue to come to Tomball, with the state of the national economy, the City chose to take a conservative approach for the 2011 fiscal year and submitted a budget with a five percent projected increase in sales tax revenues from the fiscal 2010 level.

In January 2008, the City Council completed a visioning and strategic planning session to chart a course for the City. In that session, the council decided that it wanted Tomball to be a destination city offering various activities and festivals throughout the year to draw people to town. In addition to being a destination, council indicated that economic development efforts should focus on making Tomball a regional hub for retail, medical, financial, and high-tech business. Infrastructure improvements and improving customer service were also slated as goals.

The City initiated a number of actions during 2008 aimed at responsibly planning for the City's future. In November 2008, the City completed an FM 2920 Access Management Study, in conjunction with the Texas Department of Transportation and the Houston Galveston Area Council, to address safety and mobility along the FM 2920 corridor from US 290 to Interstate 45. The City also completed a Livable Centers Downtown Plan in cooperation with a grant received through the Houston Galveston Area Council. The Plan addressed public improvements to preserve, promote, and enhance Tomball's Downtown as the identifiable physical, social, and cultural heart of Tomball. In 2009 the City completed its first citywide Comprehensive Plan to guide and shape the community's future physical growth and development. The Comprehensive Plan was the result of a year-long community involvement process that involved over 1,700 stakeholders. The City has approved a Professional Services agreement for the development of a Downtown Specific Plan in 2011, which will address land use and zoning regulations for the downtown area. Additionally, relating to the infrastructure development process, Water well #5 was completed. This well is located on the west side of Tomball along FM 2920 and its completion will significantly increase the average daily capacity of our distribution system.

### **Financial Information**

The City's management team is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that (1) the cost of the controls should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and (2) the valuation of cost and benefits requires estimates and judgments to be made by management.

### **Budgeting Controls**

The City maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. Activities of the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, Special

Transmittal Letter  
City of Tomball, Texas  
September 30, 2010

Revenue Funds (Hotel Occupancy Tax Fund, Equipment Replacement Fund, Municipal Court Fund, Public Safety Fund, and Emergency Management Fund), Utility Fund, and Utility Interest and Sinking Fund are included in the annual operating budget. The Tomball Economic Development Corporation, a component unit of the City, is also included in the annual operating budget. A capital improvement plan is approved each year. The level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the division level within an individual fund. The City maintains an encumbrance accounting system as a means of accomplishing budgetary controls and a technique of budgetary “lock out” which will prevent a transaction from exceeding legally appropriated budgetary amounts. As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

### **Debt Administration**

The City may issue General Obligation bonds that are approved by voters in a capital improvements plan. Certificates of Obligation are used for short-term construction projects and financing vehicles and equipment.

When available, sales tax revenue in excess of budgeted projections can be dedicated to one-time capital purchases.

### **Independent Audit**

The City Charter requires an independent audit of the accounts of the City by an independent auditor. Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified (“clean”) opinion on the City of Tomball’s financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2010. The independent auditors’ report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

### **Awards**

The Government Finance Officers’ Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2009. In order to be awarded the Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report satisfies both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. The Certificate of Achievement is held for a period of one year only. Our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement requirements, and has been submitted to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City also received the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2009. This is the second time the City has received this award from the GFOA. The award is made to those cities whose budget presentations meet very stringent presentation guidelines. The budget presentation must be of the very highest quality that reflects both the guidelines established by the National Advisory Council on State and Local Budgeting and the GFOA’s recommended practices on budgeting.

### **Acknowledgements**

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the administrative staff of the City. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the mayor and the City

Transmittal Letter  
City of Tomball, Texas  
September 30, 2010

Council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Tomball's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Glenn Windsor". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Glenn" being more prominent than the last name "Windsor".

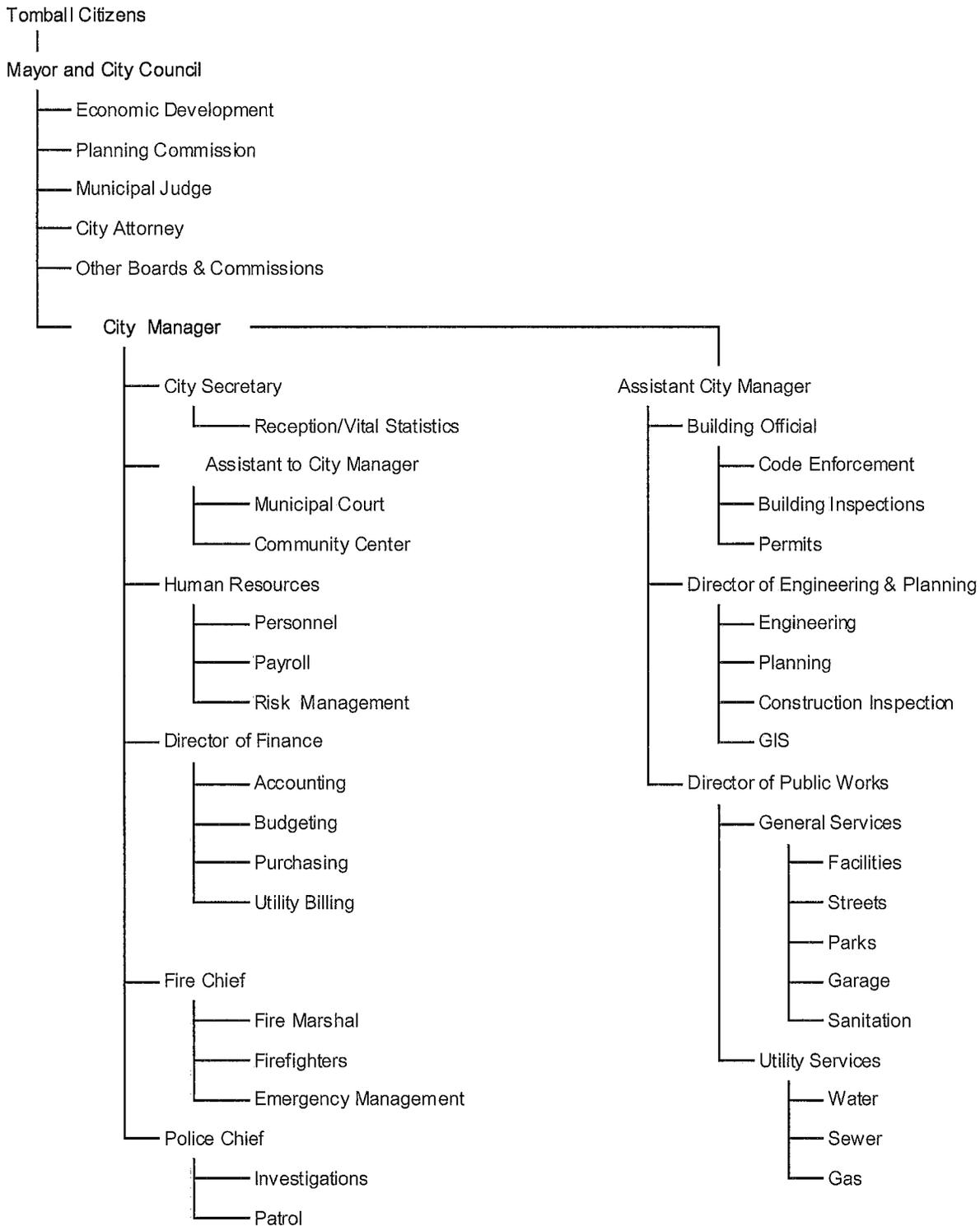
Glenn Windsor, CPA  
Finance Director

# CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS

## ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

September 30, 2010

### Staff Organizational Chart



**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
*CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR  
EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING*

**Certificate of  
Achievement  
for Excellence  
in Financial  
Reporting**

Presented to

**City of Tomball  
Texas**

For its Comprehensive Annual  
Financial Report  
for the Fiscal Year Ended  
September 30, 2009

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



President

Executive Director

# CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS

## PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

September 30, 2010

<u>City Officials</u>	<u>Elected Position</u>	<u>Term Expires</u>
Gretchen Fagan	Mayor	2013
David Quinn	Councilman Position 1	2011
Mark Stoll	Councilman Position 2	2012
Rick Brown	Councilman Position 3	2013
Derek Townsend, Sr.	Councilman Position 4	2012
Preston Dodson	Councilman Position 5	2011

<u>Department Heads</u>	<u>Appointive Position</u>
George Shackelford	City Manager
Christal Kleiwer	Assistant City Manager
Doris Speer	City Secretary
Robert Hauck	Chief of Police
David Kauffman	Director of Public Works
Randall Parr	Fire Chief
Mark McClure	Director of Engineering and Planning
Glenn Windsor	Finance Director

***FINANCIAL SECTION***

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## ***INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT***

To the Honorable Mayor and  
City Council Members of the  
City of Tomball, Texas:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Tomball, Texas (the "City"), as of September 30, 2010, and for the year ended, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules of funding progress are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining statements and schedules, and

statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

*BELT HARRIS PECHACEK, LLLP*

Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP  
*Certified Public Accountants*  
Houston, Texas  
January 15, 2011

***MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION  
AND ANALYSIS***

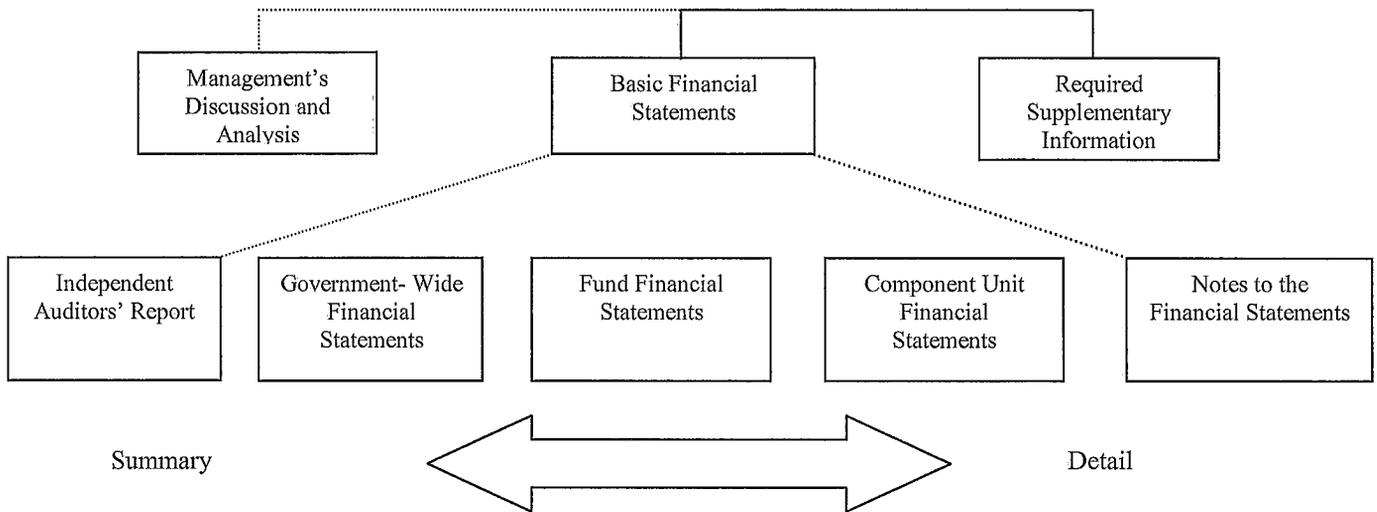
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**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)**  
**For the Year Ended September 30, 2010**

The purpose of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is to give the readers an objective and easily readable analysis of the City of Tomball, Texas (the "City") financial activities for the year ending September 30, 2010. The analysis is based on currently known facts, decisions, or economic conditions. It presents short and long-term analysis of the City's activities, compares current year results with those of the prior year, and discusses the positive and negative aspects of that comparison. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 establishes the content of the minimum requirements for MD&A. Please read the MD&A in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

**THE STRUCTURE OF OUR ANNUAL REPORT**

**Components of the Financial Section**



The annual financial report is presented as compliant with the financial reporting model in effect pursuant to GASB Statement No. 34. This financial reporting model requires governments to present certain basic financial statements as well as the MD&A and certain other Required Supplementary Information (RSI). The basic financial statements include (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) individual fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements.

**Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information for the City as a whole. These statements include transactions and balances relating to all assets, including infrastructure capital assets. These statements are designed to provide information about cost of services, operating results, and financial position of the City as an economic entity. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the City's financial statements report information on the City's activities that enable the reader to understand the financial condition of the City. These statements are prepared using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account even if cash has not yet changed hands.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also the legally separate economic development corporation for which the City is financially accountable.

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued**  
**For the Year Ended September 30, 2010**

Financial information on the component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities. The difference between the two is reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors, such as the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure, need to be considered in order to assess the overall health of the City.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent year. All changes in the net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows – the accrual method rather than modified accrual that is used in the fund level statements.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities divide the City into two classes of activities:

1. Governmental Activities – Most of the City's basic services are reported here including public safety, streets, garage, sanitation, parks and recreation, community services, and general administrative services. Interest payments on the City's debt are also reported here. Sales tax, property tax, franchise taxes, municipal court fines, and permit fees finance most of these activities.
2. Business-Type Activities – Services involving a fee for those services are reported here. These services include the City's water, sewer, and gas services.

The government-wide financial statements can be found after the MD&A.

## **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Funds may be considered operating companies of the parent corporation, which is the City. They are usually segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal reporting requirements. The two categories of City funds are governmental and proprietary.

### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as *on balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, *Continued***  
**For the Year Ended September 30, 2010**

The City maintains twelve individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and debt service fund, which are considered to be major funds. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund, and all special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for general fund, debt service fund, court security, court technology, hotel occupancy tax, and special general funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

**Proprietary Funds**

The City maintains two types of proprietary funds, an enterprise fund and internal service fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses the enterprise fund to account for its water distribution, wastewater collection/treatment, and natural gas operations. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water distribution, wastewater collection/treatment, and gas operations. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements of this report.

The City uses internal service funds to account for its equipment replacement services as well as health benefits. The internal service funds have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

**Notes to Financial Statements**

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are the last section of the basic financial statements.

**Other Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements, MD&A, and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain RSI. The RSI that GASB Statement No. 34 requires includes a budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund, schedule of funding progress for Texas Municipal Retirement System, schedule of funding progress for Texas Emergency Services Retirement System, and a schedule of funding progress for the City's other post employee benefits plan. RSI can be found after the basic financial statements.

**GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. For the City, assets exceed liabilities by \$69,089,625 as of September 30, 2010. As required by GASB Statement No. 34, a comparative analysis of government-wide data has been presented as a component of the MD&A for the year ending September 30, 2010.

A significant portion of the City's net assets reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, building, equipment, improvements, construction in progress, and infrastructure), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued**  
For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

**Statement of Net Assets**

The following table reflects the condensed statement of net assets:

**SUMMARY OF STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS**

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
Current and other assets	\$ 17,357,970	\$ 17,118,836	\$ 10,597,661	\$ 12,632,764	\$ 27,955,631	\$ 29,751,600
Capital assets, net	31,287,699	31,721,552	40,351,294	38,327,708	71,638,993	70,049,260
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>48,645,669</b>	<b>48,840,388</b>	<b>50,948,955</b>	<b>50,960,472</b>	<b>99,594,624</b>	<b>99,800,860</b>
Long-term liabilities	15,990,680	17,376,615	11,549,058	12,449,196	27,539,738	29,825,811
Other liabilities	1,392,952	1,678,624	1,572,309	1,874,575	2,965,261	3,553,199
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>17,383,632</b>	<b>19,055,239</b>	<b>13,121,367</b>	<b>14,323,771</b>	<b>30,504,999</b>	<b>33,379,010</b>
Net Assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	16,790,199	16,143,552	29,073,794	26,080,707	45,863,993	42,224,259
Restricted	1,423,521	2,278,695	-	-	1,423,521	2,278,695
Unrestricted	13,048,317	11,362,902	8,753,794	10,555,994	21,802,111	21,918,896
<b>Total Net Assets</b>	<b>\$ 31,262,037</b>	<b>\$ 29,785,149</b>	<b>\$ 37,827,588</b>	<b>\$ 36,636,701</b>	<b>\$ 69,089,625</b>	<b>\$ 66,421,850</b>

A portion of the primary government's net assets, \$1,423,521 or two percent, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. This is a decrease of 38 percent, primarily as a result of the City utilizing these restricted funds to continue construction projects. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets, \$21,802,111 or 32 percent, may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

The City's total net assets increased by \$2,667,775 during the current fiscal year, an increase of four percent in comparison to the prior year. This increase is primarily the result of a decrease in payroll for public safety and public works. While economic conditions were affected by the nation's economy, the City's overall condition improved.

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued**  
For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

**Statement of Activities**

The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net assets:

	CHANGES IN NET ASSETS					
	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
<b>Revenues</b>						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 3,435,876	\$ 3,641,050	\$ 10,657,749	\$ 11,442,271	\$ 14,093,625	\$ 15,083,321
Operating grants and contributions	83,130	278,350	720,000	720,000	803,130	998,350
General revenues:						
Property taxes	2,922,913	3,036,649	-	-	2,922,913	3,036,649
Sales taxes	6,651,064	7,038,176	-	-	6,651,064	7,038,176
Franchise and local taxes	1,153,954	1,150,591	-	-	1,153,954	1,150,591
Other taxes	154,174	308,100	-	-	154,174	308,100
Investment earnings	80,426	325,789	93,361	175,119	173,787	500,908
Other revenues	254,615	405,391	43,076	2,860	297,691	408,251
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<u>14,736,152</u>	<u>17,933,657</u>	<u>11,514,186</u>	<u>12,340,250</u>	<u>26,250,338</u>	<u>28,524,346</u>
<b>Expenses</b>						
General government	3,476,001	3,091,652	1,843,501	2,235,193	5,319,502	5,326,845
Public safety	5,907,235	6,720,247	-	-	5,907,235	6,720,247
Public works	5,205,824	5,692,269	-	-	5,205,824	5,692,269
Community services	272,034	260,561	-	-	272,034	260,561
Interest and fiscal agent fees	658,304	708,109	512,851	-	1,171,155	708,109
Water	-	-	2,197,679	2,215,841	2,197,679	2,215,841
Sewer	-	-	1,134,907	1,402,558	1,134,907	1,402,558
Gas	-	-	2,374,227	2,486,336	2,374,227	2,486,336
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<u>15,519,398</u>	<u>16,472,838</u>	<u>8,063,165</u>	<u>8,339,928</u>	<u>23,582,563</u>	<u>24,812,766</u>
Transfers	2,260,134	1,749,561	(2,260,134)	(1,749,561)	-	-
<b>Change in Net Assets</b>	1,476,888	1,306,326	1,190,887	2,250,761	2,667,775	3,711,580
<b>Beginning net assets</b>	<u>29,785,149</u>	<u>28,324,330</u>	<u>36,636,701</u>	<u>34,385,940</u>	<u>66,421,850</u>	<u>62,710,270</u>
<b>Ending net assets</b>	<u>\$ 31,262,037</u>	<u>\$ 29,785,149</u>	<u>\$ 37,827,588</u>	<u>\$ 36,636,701</u>	<u>\$ 69,089,625</u>	<u>\$ 66,421,850</u>

For the year ended September 30, 2010, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$14,736,152. All revenue sources experienced a decline from the prior year with exception of franchise and local taxes. One of the most significant decreases was seen in investment earnings as a result of a decline in interest rates. Sales tax was also down as a result of the economic downturn.

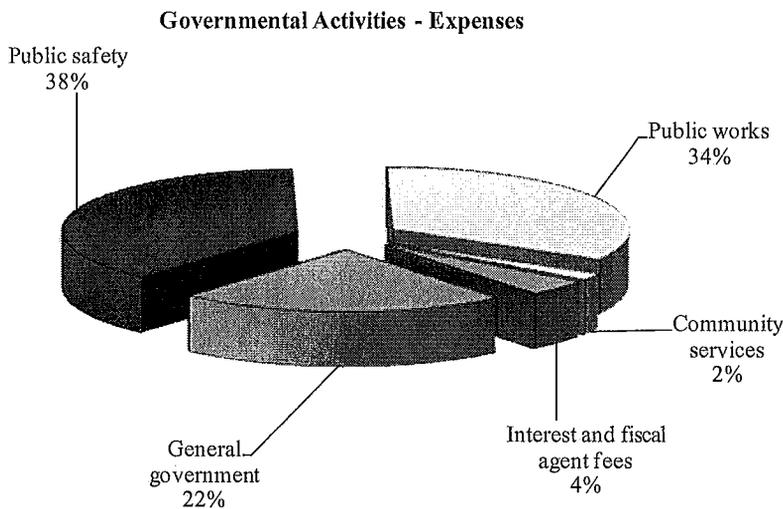
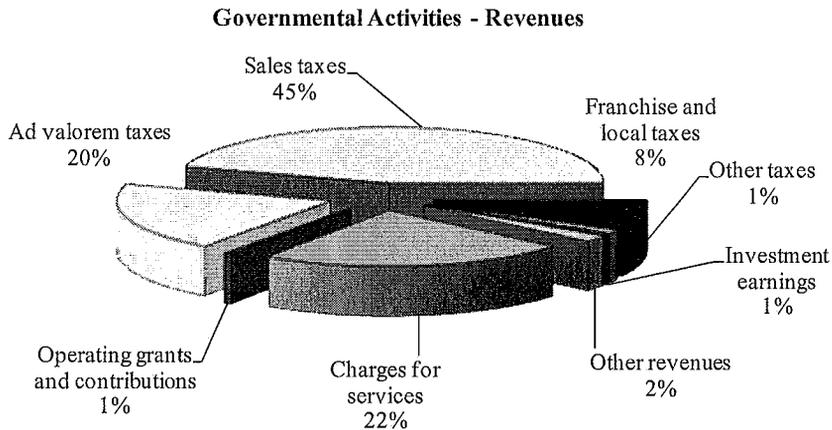
Expenses for governmental activities totaled \$15,519,398, a decrease of \$953,440 from last year. A contributing factor is the decrease in personnel for public works and public safety.

# CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS

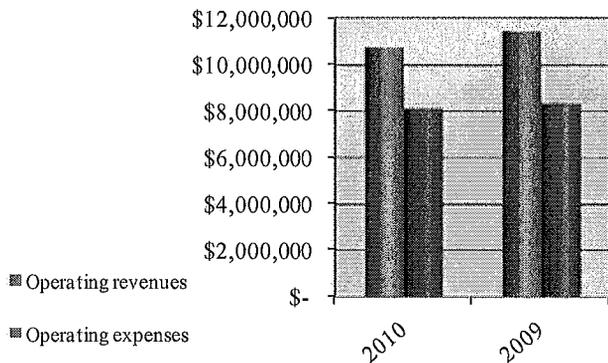
## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, *Continued*

### For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Graphic presentations of selected data from the summary tables follow to assist in the analysis of the City's activities.



**Business-Type Activities - Revenues and Expenses**



**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, *Continued***  
**For the Year Ended September 30, 2010**

Business-type activities are shown comparing operating costs to revenues generated by related services.

**FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS**

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

The City's governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$14,473,523. Of this, \$925,955 is reserved for debt service, \$179,593 for court security, and \$171,098 for court technology.

There was a decrease in the combined fund balance of \$151,284 in comparison to the prior year. The decrease is primary related to the City's overall decrease in fund balance within the debt service fund.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, unreserved, undesignated fund balance of the general fund was \$12,161,681. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unreserved fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved, undesignated fund balance represents 81 percent of total general fund expenditures. General fund revenues and expenditures were closely matched with a decrease of \$57,012 in fund balance for the year.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$925,955, all of which is reserved for the payment of debt service. The net decrease in fund balance during the current year in the debt service fund was \$269,708. This decrease can be attributed to the additional debt service requirements for the City.

**GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

There had been a planned decrease in budgeted fund balance in the amount of \$4,850,841 in the general fund. However, the net change in fund balance decreased by \$57,012 resulting in a positive variance of \$4,793,829 from final budgeted over actual.

Final budgeted revenues exceeded actual revenues by \$109,044 during 2010. This variance includes a negative variance of \$434,786 for service revenue and a negative variance of \$254,781 for investment revenue. This variance can be attributed to the decrease in service fees for sanitations during the year.

Final budgeted expenditures exceeded actual amounts by \$4,902,873 for the fiscal year, which is a positive variance. The City did not expend as much as expected in the streets department as evidenced by the positive variance of \$2,906,655 due to lack of construction projects during the year.

Proprietary Funds – The City's proprietary funds financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued**  
For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

**CAPITAL ASSETS**

At the end of the year, the City's governmental activities funds had invested \$31,287,699 in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure (net of accumulated depreciation). Depreciation is included with the governmental capital assets as required by GASB Statement No. 34.

Major capital asset events during the current year include the following:

- Continued street construction
- Water well construction

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in note III. C to the financial statements.

**LONG-TERM DEBT**

At the end of the current year, the City had total certificates of obligation outstanding of \$14,497,500 in governmental activities and \$11,277,500 in revenue bonds for business-type activities.

During the year, the City had a net reduction in the long-term debt of \$4,170,000. The City also refunded a portion of series 1998 certificates of obligation which resulted in a reduction of \$192,053 in future debt service payments.

More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in note III. D to the financial statements.

**ECONOMIC FACTORS**

The City strives to offer a positive business environment and home town feel through excellent public safety services, utilities, public facilities and good mobility. In continuing the vision of Tomball, the City plans to expand and improve quality infrastructure, facilities and public services to meet current and future needs. The City will implement economic development strategies to increase revenues to the City, diversify the tax base, create quality employment and housing opportunities, grow local businesses and maximize the community's economic assets. The City continues to experience growth due to new construction and developments and will continue to focus on maintaining an even balance within the City limits.

**CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to, Finance Department, 501 James Street, Tomball, Texas, 77375, telephone 281.351.5484, or for general City information, visit the City's website at [www.ci.tomball.tx.us](http://www.ci.tomball.tx.us).

***BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS***

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# CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS

## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

September 30, 2010

	Primary Government			Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
<b><u>Assets</u></b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,324,826	\$ 5,875,596	\$ 18,200,422	\$ 5,368,239
Investments	3,094,106	3,061,991	6,156,097	3,285,173
Receivables, net	1,833,245	1,183,262	3,016,507	366,275
Internal balances	(388,428)	388,428	-	-
Inventory	-	88,384	88,384	-
Prepaid expenses	20,637	-	20,637	-
Investments restricted for:				
Debt service	420,199	-	420,199	-
Deferred charges	53,385	-	53,385	-
Capital assets:				
Nondepreciable	13,520,116	6,147,725	19,667,841	-
Depreciable capital assets, net	17,767,583	34,203,569	51,971,152	-
<b>Total Assets</b>	48,645,669	50,948,955	99,594,624	9,019,687
<b><u>Liabilities</u></b>				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	1,320,597	823,879	2,144,476	67,336
Accrued interest payable	72,355	62,045	134,400	-
Customer deposits	-	686,385	686,385	-
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year	1,582,329	1,041,569	2,623,898	-
Due in more than one year	14,408,351	10,507,489	24,915,840	-
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	17,383,632	13,121,367	30,504,999	67,336
<b><u>Net Assets</u></b>				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	16,790,199	29,073,794	45,863,993	-
Restricted for:				
Debt service	939,040	-	939,040	-
Court security	179,593	-	179,593	-
Court technology	171,098	-	171,098	-
Construction	133,790	-	133,790	-
Unrestricted	13,048,317	8,753,794	21,802,111	8,952,351
<b>Total Net Assets</b>	\$ 31,262,037	\$ 37,827,588	\$ 69,089,625	\$ 8,952,351

See Notes to Financial Statements.

# CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues	
		Charges for Sevices	Operating Grants and Contributions
<b>Primary Government</b>			
<b>Governmental Activities</b>			
General government	\$ 3,476,001	\$ -	\$ -
Public safety	5,907,235	1,204,099	83,130
Public works	5,205,824	2,231,777	-
Community services	272,034	-	-
Interest and fiscal agent fees	658,304	-	-
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	<b>15,519,398</b>	<b>3,435,876</b>	<b>83,130</b>
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>			
General government	1,843,501	427,519	720,000
Water	2,197,679	3,985,231	-
Sewer	1,134,907	2,233,364	-
Gas	2,374,227	4,011,635	-
Interest and fiscal agent fees	512,851	-	-
<b>Total Business-Type Activities</b>	<b>8,063,165</b>	<b>10,657,749</b>	<b>720,000</b>
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	<b>\$ 23,582,563</b>	<b>\$ 14,093,625</b>	<b>\$ 803,130</b>
<b>Component Unit</b>			
Tomball Industrial Development Corporation	\$ 1,568,827	\$ -	\$ -

**General Revenues**

Property taxes  
 Sales taxes  
 Franchise taxes  
 Other taxes  
 Miscellaneous  
 Unrestricted investment earnings  
 Transfers

**Total General Revenues and Transfers**  
**Change in Net Assets**

Beginning Net Assets

Ending Net Assets

See Notes to Financial Statements.

**Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Assets**

<b>Primary Government</b>			
<b>Governmental Activities</b>	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Component Unit</b>
\$ (3,476,001)	\$ -	\$ (3,476,001)	\$ -
(4,620,006)	-	(4,620,006)	-
(2,974,047)	-	(2,974,047)	-
(272,034)	-	(272,034)	-
(658,304)	-	(658,304)	-
<u>(12,000,392)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(12,000,392)</u>	<u>-</u>
-	(695,982)	(695,982)	-
-	1,787,552	1,787,552	-
-	1,098,457	1,098,457	-
-	1,637,408	1,637,408	-
-	(512,851)	(512,851)	-
-	3,314,584	3,314,584	-
<u>(12,000,392)</u>	<u>3,314,584</u>	<u>(8,685,808)</u>	<u>-</u>
-	-	-	(1,568,827)
2,922,913	-	2,922,913	-
6,651,064	-	6,651,064	2,195,119
1,153,954	-	1,153,954	-
154,174	-	154,174	-
254,615	43,076	297,691	-
80,426	93,361	173,787	46,321
2,260,134	(2,260,134)	-	-
<u>13,477,280</u>	<u>(2,123,697)</u>	<u>11,353,583</u>	<u>2,241,440</u>
1,476,888	1,190,887	2,667,775	672,613
<u>29,785,149</u>	<u>36,636,701</u>	<u>66,421,850</u>	<u>8,279,738</u>
<u>\$ 31,262,037</u>	<u>\$ 37,827,588</u>	<u>\$ 69,089,625</u>	<u>\$ 8,952,351</u>

# CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS

## BALANCE SHEET

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2010

	General	Debt Service	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<b><u>Assets</u></b>				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,587,163	\$ 505,277	\$ 1,563,710	\$ 10,656,150
Investments	3,094,106	-	-	3,094,106
Receivables, net	1,630,125	150,455	47,401	1,827,981
Restricted investments for:				
Debt service	-	420,199	-	420,199
Prepaid costs	20,637	-	-	20,637
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 13,332,031</b>	<b>\$ 1,075,931</b>	<b>\$ 1,611,111</b>	<b>\$ 16,019,073</b>
<b><u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u></b>				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,071,916	\$ -	\$ 225,224	\$ 1,297,140
Deferred revenue	98,434	149,976	-	248,410
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>1,170,350</b>	<b>149,976</b>	<b>225,224</b>	<b>1,545,550</b>
Fund balances:				
Reserved for:				
Debt service	-	925,955	-	925,955
Court security	-	-	179,593	179,593
Court technology	-	-	171,098	171,098
Unreserved, undesignated reported in:				
General fund	12,161,681	-	-	12,161,681
Special revenue funds	-	-	901,406	901,406
Capital projects funds	-	-	133,790	133,790
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	<b>12,161,681</b>	<b>925,955</b>	<b>1,385,887</b>	<b>14,473,523</b>
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	<b>\$ 13,332,031</b>	<b>\$ 1,075,931</b>	<b>\$ 1,611,111</b>	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different, because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Nondepreciable capital assets	13,520,116
Depreciable capital assets, net	16,998,181

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	248,410
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Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain capital assets to individual funds.	2,031,457
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Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Accrued interest payable	(72,355)
Deferred charges	53,385
Noncurrent liabilities due in one year	(1,582,329)
Noncurrent liabilities due in more than one year	(14,408,351)

<b>Net Assets of Governmental Activities</b>	<b>\$ 31,262,037</b>
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See Notes to Financial Statements

# CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	<u>General</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Nonmajor Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
<b>Revenues</b>				
Property taxes	\$ 1,417,699	\$ 1,520,895	\$ -	\$ 2,938,594
Sales, franchise, and other taxes	7,805,018	-	154,174	7,959,192
Permits and licenses	311,563	-	-	311,563
Fines and forfeitures	872,559	-	331,540	1,204,099
Service revenue	1,920,214	-	-	1,920,214
Intergovernmental	49,549	-	23,581	73,130
Contributions from component unit	10,000	-	-	10,000
Interest on investments	95,219	2,604	2,014	99,837
Other revenue	141,846	12,067	100,702	254,615
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<u>12,623,667</u>	<u>1,535,566</u>	<u>612,011</u>	<u>14,771,244</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Current:				
Administrative	3,695,063	-	295,868	3,990,931
Police	4,366,661	-	-	4,366,661
Fire	1,137,865	-	-	1,137,865
Court	346,487	-	-	346,487
Public works	1,296,470	-	-	1,296,470
Sanitation	1,685,892	-	-	1,685,892
Streets	1,361,059	-	-	1,361,059
Permits	342,188	-	-	342,188
Garage	70,424	-	-	70,424
Parks	503,479	-	-	503,479
Community services	135,225	-	140,707	275,932
Debt service:				
Principal	-	1,135,500	-	1,135,500
Interest and fiscal agent fees	-	723,159	-	723,159
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<u>14,940,813</u>	<u>1,858,659</u>	<u>436,575</u>	<u>17,236,047</u>
<b>Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</b>	<u>(2,317,146)</u>	<u>(323,093)</u>	<u>175,436</u>	<u>(2,464,803)</u>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>				
Refunding bonds issued	-	2,120,000	-	2,120,000
Premium on refunding bonds	-	4,945	-	4,945
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	(2,071,560)	-	(2,071,560)
Transfers in	2,260,134	-	-	2,260,134
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	<u>2,260,134</u>	<u>53,385</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,313,519</u>
<b>Net Change in Fund Balances</b>	(57,012)	(269,708)	175,436	(151,284)
Beginning fund balances	<u>12,218,693</u>	<u>1,195,663</u>	<u>1,210,451</u>	<u>14,624,807</u>
<b>Ending Fund Balances</b>	<u>\$ 12,161,681</u>	<u>\$ 925,955</u>	<u>\$ 1,385,887</u>	<u>\$ 14,473,523</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,**  
**AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE**  
**STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**  
**For the Year Ended September 30, 2010**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ (151,284)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.

Capital outlay	821,359
Depreciation	(1,278,902)
Disposal of capital assets	(22,366)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, certificates of obligation) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.

Principal payments	1,135,500
Issuance of refunding bonds	(2,120,000)
Bond issuance costs	(4,945)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	2,071,560
Amortization of deferred charges	53,385

Revenue in the Statement of Activities that does not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds. (15,681)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain capital assets to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) is reported with governmental activities. 434,530

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. 553,732

**Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities** \$ 1,476,888

See Notes to Financial Statements.

# CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS

## STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

### PROPRIETARY FUND

September 30, 2010

	Business-Type Activities	Governmental Activities
	Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Fund
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,875,596	\$ 1,668,676
Investments	3,061,991	-
Accounts receivable, net	1,183,262	5,264
Inventory	88,384	-
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	10,209,233	1,673,940
Noncurrent assets:		
Nondepreciable capital assets	6,147,725	-
Depreciable capital assets	51,088,542	1,116,869
Less: accumulated depreciation	(16,884,973)	(347,467)
<b>Total Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)</b>	40,351,294	769,402
<b>Total Noncurrent Assets</b>	40,351,294	769,402
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$ 50,560,527	\$ 2,443,342
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 823,879	\$ 23,457
Customer deposits	686,385	-
Current portion of bonds and other debt	1,041,569	-
Accrued interest payable	62,045	-
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	2,613,878	23,457
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences	228,276	-
Long-term portion of bonds payable	10,279,213	-
<b>Total Noncurrent Liabilities</b>	10,507,489	-
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	13,121,367	23,457
<b>Net Assets</b>		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	29,073,794	769,402
Unrestricted	8,365,366	1,650,483
<b>Total Net Assets</b>	\$ 37,439,160	\$ 2,419,885
Reconciliation to government-wide Statement of Net Assets:		
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds	388,428	
Net Assets of Business-Type Activities	\$ 37,827,588	

See Notes to Financial Statements.

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES,**  
**AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS**  
**PROPRIETARY FUND**

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>	<b>Governmental Activities</b>
	<b>Enterprise Fund</b>	<b>Internal Service Fund</b>
<b><u>Operating Revenues</u></b>		
Charges for sales and services	\$ 10,230,230	\$ 2,243,331
Taps and connections	100,130	-
Penalties	87,861	-
Capital recovery fees	239,529	-
Miscellaneous	43,076	-
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	<b>10,700,826</b>	<b>2,243,331</b>
 <b><u>Operating Expenses</u></b>		
Costs of sales and services	6,338,235	1,577,316
Depreciation	1,276,025	148,129
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	<b>7,614,260</b>	<b>1,725,445</b>
<b>Operating Income</b>	<b>3,086,566</b>	<b>517,886</b>
 <b><u>Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)</u></b>		
Investment income	72,943	2,955
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	20,418	-
Disposal of capital assets	-	(22,366)
Interest expense	(512,851)	-
Contribution from component unit	720,000	-
<b>Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)</b>	<b>300,510</b>	<b>(19,411)</b>
<b>Income (Loss) Before Transfers</b>	<b>3,387,076</b>	<b>498,475</b>
Transfers (out)	(2,260,134)	-
<b>Change in Net Assets</b>	<b>1,126,942</b>	<b>498,475</b>
Beginning net assets	36,312,218	1,921,410
<b>Ending Net Assets</b>	<b>\$ 37,439,160</b>	<b>\$ 2,419,885</b>
 Reconciliation to government-wide Statement of Activities:		
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds	63,945	
Change in Net Assets of Business-Type Activities	<b>\$ 1,190,887</b>	

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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# CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

### PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	Business-Type Activities	Governmental Activities
	Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Funds
<b><u>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</u></b>		
Receipts from customers	\$ 10,814,557	\$ 2,238,067
Payments to suppliers	(1,898,799)	(1,456,521)
Payments to employees	(1,416,748)	-
<b>Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities</b>	<b>7,499,010</b>	<b>781,546</b>
<b><u>Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities</u></b>		
Transfers	(2,260,134)	-
Contribution from component unit	720,000	-
<b>Net Cash (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities</b>	<b>(1,540,134)</b>	<b>-</b>
<b><u>Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities</u></b>		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(2,799,959)	(221,729)
Principal paid on capital debt	(1,978,242)	-
Interest paid on capital debt	(512,851)	-
<b>Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities</b>	<b>(5,291,052)</b>	<b>(221,729)</b>
<b><u>Cash Flows from Investing Activities</u></b>		
Investment earnings	93,361	(19,411)
<b>Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities</b>	<b>93,361</b>	<b>(19,411)</b>
<b>Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	761,185	540,406
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	5,114,411	1,128,270
<b>Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>\$ 5,875,596</b>	<b>\$ 1,668,676</b>
<b>Reconciliation of Operating Income</b>		
<b>to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities</b>		
Operating income	\$ 3,086,566	\$ 517,886
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation	1,276,025	148,129
<b>Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:</b>		
<b>(Increase) Decrease in Current Assets:</b>		
Investments	2,750,774	-
Accounts receivable	120,313	(5,264)
Inventory	(10,854)	-
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities:</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	308,848	120,795
Customer deposits	(6,582)	-
Compensated absences	(26,080)	-
<b>Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities</b>	<b>\$ 7,499,010</b>	<b>\$ 781,546</b>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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# **CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**

## **NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**For the Year Ended September 30, 2010**

### **I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### **A. Reporting Entity**

The City of Tomball, Texas (the “City”) was incorporated on July 18, 1933. The City has operated under a “Home Rule Charter”, which provides for a Council-City Manager form of government, since 1987. The City Council is the principal legislative body of the City. The City Manager is appointed by a majority vote of the City Council and is responsible to the Council for the administration of all the affairs of the City. The City Manager is responsible for the appointment and removal of department directors and employees, supervision and control of all City departments, and preparation of the annual budget.

The City provides the following services: public safety to include police and fire services; municipal court; streets; drainage; water and sewer services; natural gas; solid waste collection and disposal; community development; and general administration.

The City is an independent political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected council and a mayor and is considered a primary government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these basic financial statements have been prepared based on considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions as part of the City’s financial reporting entity. The Tomball Economic Development Corporation, although legally separate, is considered part of the reporting entity. No other entities have been included in the City’s reporting entity. Additionally, as the City is considered a primary government for financial reporting purposes, its activities are not considered a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions in the City’s financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the City is a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with prescribed criteria considered in determining that the City’s financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are that it has a separately elected governing body; it is legally separate; and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Additionally, prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and considerations pertaining to organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity’s financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

Tomball Economic Development Corporation – This Corporation was formed in 1994 pursuant to the Development Corporation Act of 1979, governed under Section 4B of the Act. It receives and utilizes the proceeds of a one-half cent sales tax to promote and assist in the economic development of the City. The seven directors of the Corporation are appointed by the governing body of the City. Directors are removable by the governing body of the City at any time without cause.

Financial information for the Tomball Economic Development Corporation may be obtained from the following address:

Tomball Economic Development Corporation  
401 West Market Street  
Tomball, Texas 77375

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**  
**For the Year Ended September 30, 2010**

**Blended Component Unit**

**Employee Benefits Trust**

Employee Benefits Trust (the “Trust”) has been included in the reporting entity as a blended component unit. The Trust is a not-for-profit entity and is a trust organized under Section 222.002(c)(5) of the Texas Insurance Code. The Trust’s Board of Trustees are the members of City Council. The Trust is organized for the purpose of providing or offering City officers, employees, and qualified retirees and their dependents with life, disability, sickness, accident, and other health benefits either directly or through the purchase of insurance. The operations of the Trust are presented as a proprietary fund type as an internal service fund.

**B. Financial Statement Presentation**

These financial statements include implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management’s Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*. Certain of the significant changes in the statement include the following:

- A Management’s Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing an analysis of the City’s overall financial position and results of operations.
- Financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the City’s activities.
- A change in the fund financial statements to focus on the major funds.

GASB Statement No. 34 established standards for external financial reporting for all state and local governmental entities, which includes a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities. It requires the classification of net assets into three components: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

- **Invested in capital assets, net of related debt** – This component of net assets consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- **Restricted** – This component of net assets consists of constraints placed on net asset use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **Unrestricted** – This component of net assets consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of “restricted” or “invested in capital assets, net of related debt.”

**C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information about the City as a whole. These statements include all activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**  
**For the Year Ended September 30, 2010**

and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and grants that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, such as taxes and investment earnings, are presented as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. In the fund financial statements, the accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Following is a description of the various funds:

**Governmental Funds**

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions are typically financed.

**General Fund**

The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions not properly includable in other funds. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, sales and franchise taxes, licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, and charges for services. Expenditures include administrative, police, fire, municipal court, public works, sanitation, streets, permits, garage, parks, and community services.

**Special Revenue Funds**

The special revenue funds are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The special revenue funds include court security fund, court technology fund, housing trust fund, hotel occupancy tax fund, red light camera fund, disaster preparedness fund, and the special general fund. The special revenue funds are considered nonmajor funds for reporting purposes.

**Debt Service Fund**

The debt service fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on all general obligation bonds and other long-term debt of the City. The primary source of revenue for debt service is local property taxes. The debt service fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**  
For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

**Capital Projects Fund**

The capital projects funds are used to account for the expenditures of resources accumulated from sales tax revenues and the sale of bonds and related interest earnings for capital improvement projects. The capital projects fund is considered a nonmajor fund for reporting purposes.

**Proprietary Fund Types**

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. All assets, liabilities, equities, revenues, expenses, and transfers relating to the government's business activities are accounted for through proprietary funds. The measurement focus is on determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues include charges for services. Operating expenses include costs of materials, contracts, personnel, and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. Proprietary fund types follow generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) prescribed by the GASB and all Financial Accounting Standards Board's standards issued prior to November 30, 1989. Subsequent to this date, the City accounts for its enterprise funds as presented by GASB.

The proprietary fund types used by the City include the following:

**Enterprise Fund**

The enterprise fund is used to account for the operations that provide water and wastewater collection, wastewater treatment operations, and solid waste collection and disposal. The services are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis will be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The enterprise fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

**Internal Service Funds**

Internal service funds account for services provided to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The fleet replacement and health benefits funds are used to account for vehicle and equipment replacement and employee benefits.

**D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

The government-wide Statements of Net Assets and Statements of Activities and all proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus, accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these activities are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund equity consists of net assets. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and component units are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**  
**For the Year Ended September 30, 2010**

increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The City uses the modified accrual basis of accounting in the governmental fund type and component units. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period. Revenues susceptible to accrual include charges for services and interest on temporary investments.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, and interest associated with the current period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current period. Other receipts and other taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the government and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Under modified accrual accounting, expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

The accrual basis of accounting is used for the proprietary fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable, and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable.

The Statements of Net Assets, Statements of Activities, and financial statements of proprietary fund types are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

**E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Fund Equity**

**1. Deposits and Investments**

The City maintains a pooled cash and investments account. Each fund whose monies are deposited in the pooled cash and investment account has equity therein, and interest earned on the investment of these monies is allocated based upon relative equity at the previous month end. Amounts on deposit in interest-bearing accounts and other investments are displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Cash and cash equivalents."

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools*, the City reports all investments at fair value, except for "money market investments" and "2a7-like pools." Money market investments, which are short-term highly liquid debt instruments that may include U.S. Treasury and agency obligations, are reported at amortized costs. Investment positions in external investment pools that are operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, such as TexPool, are reported using the pools' share price.

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**  
**For the Year Ended September 30, 2010**

The City has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Governmental Code. In summary, the City is authorized to invest in the following:

- Direct obligations of the U.S. government
- Money market mutual funds that meet certain criteria
- Statewide investment pools

**2. Receivables**

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as either “interfund receivables/payables” (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or “advances to/from other funds” (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as “due to/from other funds” in the fund financial statements. If the transactions are between the primary government and its component unit, these receivables and payables are classified as “due to/from component unit/primary government.” Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as “internal balances.”

Advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

**Property taxes**

Property taxes are levied during October of each year and are due upon receipt of the City’s tax bill. Taxes become delinquent, with an enforceable lien on property, on February 1 of the following year.

**3. Inventories and Prepaid Items**

The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when the related liability is incurred (i.e., the purchase method). Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods (prepaid expenditures) are recognized as expenditures when utilized.

**4. Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, infrastructure has been capitalized retroactively. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$20,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Interest costs incurred in connection with construction of enterprise fund capital assets are capitalized when the effects of capitalization materially impact the financial statements.

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**  
**For the Year Ended September 30, 2010**

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful years:

<u>Asset Description</u>	<u>Estimated Useful Life</u>
Buildings and improvements	20 to 50 years
Machinery and equipment	3 to 10 years
Vehicles	5 years
Water, sewer, and gas system	20 to 30 years
Infrastructure	40 to 50 years

**5. Compensated Employee Absences**

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, sick pay benefits, and compensatory time. Amounts accumulated, up to certain amounts, may be paid to employees upon termination of employment. The estimated amount of compensation for services provided that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it when it matures or becomes due. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

**6. Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Assets. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements until due. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources, net of the applicable premium or discount and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. In the governmental fund types, issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. However, claims and judgments paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only for the portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources.

Long-term debt and other obligations financed by proprietary funds are reported as liabilities in the appropriate funds. For proprietary fund types, bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method, if material. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are reported as deferred charges.

The property tax rate is allocated each year between the general and debt service funds. The full amount estimated to be required for debt service on general obligation debt is provided by the tax along with interest earned in the debt service fund. Though a portion of the general obligation debt was directly related to the purchase of water and sewer infrastructure, the debt service expenditures

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**  
**For the Year Ended September 30, 2010**

are included in the governmental fund financial statements as they are expected to be paid from debt service tax revenues instead of water system revenues.

Assets acquired under the terms of capital leases are recorded as liabilities and capitalized in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of net minimum lease payments at inception of the lease. In the year of acquisition, capital lease transactions are recorded as other financing sources and as capital outlay expenditures in the applicable fund. Lease payments representing both principal and interest are recorded as expenditures in the general fund upon payment with an appropriate reduction of principal recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

**7. Landfill Post-Closure Care Costs**

The City reports municipal solid waste landfill costs in accordance with GASB Statement No. 18, *Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Care Costs*. The liability for landfill post-closure costs is reported in long-term debt.

**8. Fund Equity**

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

**9. Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with GAAP, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP for the general fund, debt service fund, court security fund, court technology fund, hotel occupancy tax fund, housing trust fund, and the special general fund. All other adopted budgets are used as a management tool. The original budget is adopted by the City Council prior to the beginning of the year. The legal level of control as defined by the charter in the approved budget is the department level in the general fund and all others are the fund level. The City Manager may transfer appropriations between divisions within a department without seeking the approval of City Council. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year. Supplemental budget appropriations were made for the year ended.

**A. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations**

General government:	
Garage	\$2,058
Court security	\$3,036

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**  
For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

**III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS**

**A. Deposits and Investments**

As of year end, the City and component unit had the following investments:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Weighted Average Maturity (Years)</u>	<u>Credit Risk</u>
<b>City</b>			
U.S. agencies	\$ 6,156,097	0.5	AAA
Certificates of deposit	3,013,267	0.5	N/A
TexPool	8,691,851	0.0	AAAM
Texas CLASS	6,102,232	0.0	AAAM
Total fair value	<u>\$ 23,963,447</u>		
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.5	
<b>Component Unit</b>			
Certificates of deposit	\$ 503,189	0.5	N/A
U.S. agencies	2,781,984	0.5	
TexPool	2,839,490	0.0	
Texas CLASS	2,005,664	0.0	AAAM
Total fair value	<u>\$ 8,130,327</u>		
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.5	

*Custodial credit risk – deposits.* In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City’s deposits may not be returned to it. The City’s investment policy requires funds on deposit at the depository bank to be collateralized by securities. As of year end, market values of pledged securities and FDIC coverage exceeded bank balances for the City and the component unit.

**TexPool**

TexPool was established as a trust company with the Treasurer of the State of Texas as trustee, segregated from all other trustees, investments, and activities of the trust company. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The advisory board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. Finally, Standard & Poor’s rates TexPool AAAM. As a requirement to maintain the rating, weekly portfolio information must be submitted to Standard & Poor’s as well as to the office of the Comptroller of Public Accounts for review.

TexPool operates in a manner consistent with the SEC’s Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. TexPool uses amortized cost rather than market value to report net assets to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value of the position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares.

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**  
For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

**MBIA Texas CLASS**

The Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System – Texas (“CLASS”) is a public funds investment pool under Section 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, as amended (the “Act”). CLASS is created under an Amended and Restated Trust Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2001 (the “Agreement”) among certain Texas governmental entities investing in the pool (the “Participants”), MBIA Municipal Investors Service Corporation (“MBIA-MISC”) as Program Administrator, and Wells Fargo as Custodian. CLASS is not SEC-registered and is not subject to regulation by the State of Texas. Under the Agreement, however, CLASS is administered and supervised by a seven member board of trustees (the “Board”), whose members are investment officers of the Participants, elected by the Participants for overlapping two-year terms. In the Agreement and by resolution of the Board, CLASS has contracted with MBIS-MISC to provide for the investment and management of the public funds of CLASS. Separate financial statements for TEXAS CLASS may be obtained by contacting MBIA Asset Management at 815-A Brazos Street, Suite 345, Austin, TX 78701-9996, (800)707-6242.

*Interest rate risk.* In compliance with the City’s Investment Policy, as of year end, the City minimized the interest rate risk related to the decline in market value of securities due to rising interest rates in the portfolio by limiting the effective duration of security types not to exceed two years, with the exception of securities purchased related to reserve funds; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities matured to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the secondary market prior to maturity; monitoring credit ratings of portfolio positions to assure compliance with rating requirements imposed by the Public Funds Investment Act; and investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar government investment pools.

*Credit risk.* The City’s investment policy limits investments in money market mutual funds rated as to investment quality not less than AAA by Standard & Poor’s. As of September 30, 2010, the City’s investment in TexPool and Texas CLASS was rated AAAM by Standard & Poor’s. All other investments are guaranteed (either express or implied) by the full faith and credit of the United States government or the issuing U.S. agency. More specifically, the U.S. agencies held by the City as of September 30, 2010, consist of a variety of bonds and discount notes issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and the Federal National Mortgage Association. These investments were rated not less than AAA by, Moody’s and Standard & Poor’s.

**B. Receivables**

The following comprise receivable balances at year end:

	<u>General</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Enterprise</u>	<u>Nonmajor Governmental</u>	<u>Component Unit</u>	<u>Internal Service</u>
Property taxes	\$ 98,868	\$ 150,455	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Sales taxes	1,122,904	-	-	-	-	-
Other taxes	108,439	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts	429,050	-	1,229,425	-	-	-
Interest	30,080	-	19,576	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	47,401	366,275	5,264
Less allowance	(159,216)	-	(65,739)	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 1,630,125</u>	<u>\$ 150,455</u>	<u>\$ 1,183,262</u>	<u>\$ 47,401</u>	<u>\$ 366,275</u>	<u>\$ 5,264</u>

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**  
For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

**C. Capital Assets**

A summary of changes in capital assets at year end is as follows:

	Primary Government			Ending Balance
	Beginning Balance	Increases	Reclassifications /(Decreases)	
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,521,005	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,521,005
Construction in progress	8,366,195	688,680	(55,764)	8,999,111
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>12,887,200</u>	<u>688,680</u>	<u>(55,764)</u>	<u>13,520,116</u>
Other capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	10,002,957	224,869	-	10,227,826
Machinery and equipment	5,656,391	140,272	(228,718)	5,567,945
Vehicles	3,185,479	-	-	3,185,479
Infrastructure	13,164,167	22,748	-	13,186,915
Total other capital assets	<u>32,008,994</u>	<u>387,889</u>	<u>(228,718)</u>	<u>32,168,165</u>
-				
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(2,112,675)	(263,922)	-	(2,376,597)
Machinery and equipment	(3,611,660)	(453,434)	8,946	(4,056,148)
Vehicles	(2,714,706)	(205,009)	44,020	(2,875,695)
Infrastructure	(4,735,601)	(356,541)	-	(5,092,142)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(13,174,642)</u>	<u>(1,278,906)</u>	<u>52,966</u>	<u>(14,400,582)</u>
Other capital assets, net	<u>18,834,352</u>	<u>(891,017)</u>	<u>(175,752)</u>	<u>17,767,583</u>
<b>Totals</b>	<u>\$ 31,721,552</u>	<u>\$ (202,337)</u>	<u>\$ (231,516)</u>	<u>31,287,699</u>
				<u>(14,497,500)</u>
<b>Invested in Capital Assets, Net of</b>				
				<u>\$ 16,790,199</u>

All capital assets constructed or paid for with funds of the component units are titled in the City's name. Accordingly, component unit capital assets and construction in progress are recorded in the governmental activities totals.

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**  
For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Police	\$	357,275
Streets		263,918
Public works		508,807
Internal service		148,902
		148,902

**Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense** \$ 1,278,902

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities for the year ended:

	<b>Beginning Balance</b>	<b>Increases</b>	<b>(Decreases)</b>	<b>Ending Balance</b>
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 795,205	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 795,205
Construction in progress	1,567,488	3,785,032	-	5,352,520
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,362,693	3,785,032	-	6,147,725
Other capital assets:				
Gas system	5,801,411	4,746	-	5,806,157
Water and sewer system	41,543,899	78,293	-	41,622,192
Machinery and equipment	3,660,193	-	-	3,660,193
Total other capital assets	51,005,503	83,039	-	51,088,542
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Gas system	(2,015,395)	(139,531)		(2,154,926)
Water and sewer system	(12,143,945)	(1,020,459)		(13,164,404)
Machinery and equipment	(1,449,608)	(116,035)		(1,565,643)
Total accumulated depreciation	(15,608,948)	(1,276,025)	-	(16,884,973)
Other capital assets, net	35,396,555	(1,192,986)	-	34,203,569
Totals	\$ 37,759,248	\$ 2,592,046	\$ -	40,351,294
			Less associated debt	(11,277,500)
			<b>Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt</b>	<b>\$ 29,073,794</b>

Depreciation was charged to business-type functions as follows:

Water and sewer	\$	1,177,107
Gas		98,918
		98,918

**Total Business-Type Activities Depreciation Expense** \$ 1,276,025

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**  
For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

**D. Long-Term Debt**

The following is a summary of changes in the City's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year ended. In general, the City uses the general and debt service funds to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities.

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. The governmental activities compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Amounts Due within One Year</u>
<b>Governmental Activities</b>					
Bonds, notes and other payables:					
Certificates of obligation	\$ 15,578,000	\$ 2,120,000	\$ 3,200,500	\$ 14,497,500 *	\$ 1,195,000
	<u>15,578,000</u>	<u>2,120,000</u>	<u>3,200,500</u>	<u>14,497,500</u>	<u>1,195,000</u>
Other liabilities:					
Net OPEB obligation	131,699	65,884	-	197,583	-
Compensated absences	1,456,115	221,562	646,580	1,031,097	309,329
Landfill post-closure costs	342,500	-	78,000	264,500	78,000
<b>Total Governmental         Activities</b>	<u>\$ 17,508,314</u>	<u>\$ 2,407,446</u>	<u>\$ 3,925,080</u>	<u>\$ 15,990,680</u>	<u>\$ 1,582,329</u>
<b>Long-term debt due in more than one year</b>				<u>\$ 14,408,351</u>	
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>					
Revenue bonds	\$ 12,247,000	\$ -	\$ 969,500	\$ 11,277,500 **	\$ 984,500
	<u>12,247,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>969,500</u>	<u>11,277,500</u>	<u>984,500</u>
Other liabilities:					
Net OPEB obligation	28,850	14,432	-	43,282	-
Compensated absences	202,196	95,324	69,244	228,276	57,069
<b>Total Business-Type         Activities</b>	<u>\$ 12,478,046</u>	<u>\$ 109,756</u>	<u>\$ 1,038,744</u>	<u>\$ 11,549,058</u>	<u>\$ 1,041,569</u>
<b>Long-term debt due in more than one year</b>				<u>\$ 10,507,489</u>	
<b>*Debt associated with governmental activity capital assets</b>				<u>\$ 14,497,500</u>	
<b>**Debt associated with business-type activity capital assets</b>				<u>\$ 11,277,500</u>	

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**  
For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Long-term debt at year end was comprised of the following debt issues:

Description	Interest Rates	Balance
<b><u>Governmental Activities</u></b>		
<b>Certificates of Obligation</b>		
Series 1995	4.6-5.125%	\$ 100,000
Series 2002	4.6-5.125%	5,872,500
Series 2003	1.0-4.5%	6,405,000
Series 2010	1.5-2.2%	2,120,000
<b>Total Certificates of Obligation</b>		<b>14,497,500</b>
<b>Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt</b>		<b>\$ 14,497,500</b>
<b><u>Business-Type Activities</u></b>		
<b>Revenue Bonds</b>		
Series 1999	2.9-4.1%	\$ 4,100,000
Series 2002	4.125-5.125%	7,177,500
<b>Total Business-Type Activities Long-Term Debt</b>		<b>\$ 11,277,500</b>

The annual requirements to amortize bond and certificate debt issues outstanding at year end were as follows:

Year Ending Sep 30	<u>Governmental Activity</u>		<u>Business-Type Activity</u>	
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2011	1,195,500	557,029	984,500	476,035
2012	1,115,500	515,735	999,500	435,673
2013	1,145,500	476,398	1,014,500	394,663
2014	1,165,500	435,883	1,034,500	351,939
2015	1,200,500	393,233	1,054,500	307,824
2016-2020	5,833,500	1,261,737	4,996,500	833,048
2021-2023	2,841,500	176,413	1,193,500	59,675
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 14,497,500</b>	<b>\$ 3,816,428</b>	<b>\$ 11,277,500</b>	<b>\$ 2,858,857</b>

**Current Refunding**

The City issued \$2,120,000 of general obligation refunding bonds, series 2010 for a current refunding of \$2,065,000 certificates of obligation, series 1998. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$6,560. The transaction also resulted in an economic gain of \$173,119 and a reduction of \$192,053 in future debt service payments.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City for which its full faith and credit are pledged. Repayment of general obligation bonds are from taxes levied on all taxable property located within the City. The City also issued bonds where the government pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. The City is not obligated in any manner for special assessment debt.

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**  
For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

**Federal Arbitrage**

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions consisting of complex regulations with respect to issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service at least every five years for applicable bond issues. Accordingly, there is the risk that if such calculations are not performed or are not performed correctly, a substantial liability to the City could result. The City periodically engages an arbitrage consultant to perform the calculations in accordance with IRS rules and regulations.

**E. Interfund Transactions**

Transfers between the primary government funds during the year were as follows:

<u>Transfer Out</u>	<u>Transfer In</u>	<u>Amounts</u>
Enterprise fund	General fund	\$ 2,260,134

The enterprise fund reimbursed the general fund for the administrative costs incurred in supporting enterprise fund operations.

**E. Landfill Post-Closure Liability**

State and federal regulations required the City to place a final cover on the City’s landfill site when it stopped accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site until determined by the State. The \$264,500 reported as accrued landfill post-closure costs at year end represent the remaining estimated post-closure costs. The landfill is in the post-closure process as the landfill has been closed. The amount is based on what it would cost to perform all post-closure care. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. State and federal laws require owners to demonstrate financial assurance for closure, post-closure, and/or corrective action. The City complies with the financial and public notice components of the local government financial test and government-guarantee of the test.

**IV. OTHER INFORMATION**

**A. Risk Management**

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City participates along with 2,539 other entities in the Texas Municipal League’s Intergovernmental Risk Pools (the “Pool”). The Pool purchases commercial insurance at group rates for participants in the Pool. The City has no additional risk or responsibility to the Pool, outside of the payment of insurance premiums. The City has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts for the past three years.

**B. Contingent Liabilities**

The City is a defendant in several lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City’s management that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**  
For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends, including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors. No claim liabilities are reported at year end.

**C. Pension Plans**

**1. Texas Municipal Retirement System**

**Plan Description**

The City provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a non-traditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), one of 837 administered by TMRS, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The plan provisions that have been adopted by the City are within the options available in the governing state statutes of TMRS.

TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and Required Supplementary Information (RSI) for TMRS. The report also provides detailed explanations of the contributions, benefits and actuarial methods and assumptions used by the System. This report may be obtained by writing to TMRS, P.O. Box 149153, Austin, TX 78714-9153 or by calling 800-924-8611. In addition, the report is available on TMRS' website at [www.TMRS.com](http://www.TMRS.com).

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Employee deposit rate	7.00%	7.00%
Matching ratio (city to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service requirement eligibility (expressed as age/yr of service)	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
Updated service credit	100% Repeating, Transfers	100% Repeating, Transfers
Annuity increase (to retirees)	70% of CPI Repeating	70% of CPI Repeating

**Benefits**

Upon retirement, benefits depend upon the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and the City-financed monetary credits, with interest. City financed monetary credits are composed of three sources: prior service credits, current service credits, and updated service credits. At the date the plan began, the City granted monetary credits for service rendered before the plan began of a theoretical amount at least equal to two times what would have been contributed by the employee, with interest, prior to establishment of the plan. Monetary credits for service since the plan began are a percent (100%, 150%, or 200%) of the employee's accumulated contributions. In

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**  
**For the Year Ended September 30, 2010**

addition, the City can grant, as often as annually, another type of monetary credit referred to as an updated service credit. This is a theoretical amount which, when added to the employee's accumulated contributions and the monetary credits for service since the plan began, would be the total monetary credits and employee contributions accumulated with interest if the current employee contribution rate and City matching percent had always been in existence, and if the employee's salary had always been the average of his salary in the last three years that are one year before the effective date. At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions, with interest, and the employer-financed monetary credits, with interest, were used to purchase an annuity.

Contributions

Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution and the prior service cost contribution rate, which is calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the portion of an active member's projected benefit allocated annually; the prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial liability (asset) over the remainder of the plan's 28-year amortization period. Both the normal cost and prior service contribution rates include recognition of the projected impact of annually repeating benefits such as Updated Service Credits and Annuity Increases.

The City contributes to the TMRS Plan at an actuarially determined rate. Both the employees and the City make contributions monthly. Since the City needs to know its contribution rate in advance for budgetary purposes, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as the basis for the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect (i.e., December 31, 2008 valuation is effective for rates beginning January 2010).

Three-year trend information for the annual pension cost (APC) is as follows:

Fiscal year	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Actual Contribution Made	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
2008	\$ 792,454	\$ 792,454	100.00%	\$ -
2009	\$ 944,327	\$ 944,327	100.00%	\$ -
2010	\$ 969,758	\$ 969,758	100.00%	\$ -

The required contribution rates for fiscal year 2010 were determined as part of the December 31, 2009 actuarial valuations. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation, December 31, 2010, also follows:

	2010	2009	2008
Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/2009	12/31/2008	12/31/2007
Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Level % of Payroll	Level % of Payroll	Level % of Payroll
Remaining Amortization Period	28 Years - Closed period	29 Years - Closed period	30 Years - Closed period
Asset Valuation Method	Smoothed market	Amortized cost	Amortized cost
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%	7.5%	7.0%
Projected Salary Increases	Varies by age and service	Varies by age and service	Varies by age and service
Includes Inflation at	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.10%	2.10%	2.10%

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**  
**For the Year Ended September 30, 2010**

The funded status as of December 31, 2009, the most recent valuation date, is as follows:

	<b>2010</b>
Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/2009
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 11,538,535
Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 17,190,687
Percentage Funded	67.1%
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	\$ 5,652,152
Annual Covered Payroll	\$ 7,278,133
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	77.7%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability of benefits.

**2. Texas Emergency Services Retirement System**

**Plan Description**

The Fire Fighter’s Pension Commissioner is the administrator of the Texas Emergency Services Retirement System (TESRS), a cost-sharing, multiple employer pension system established and administered by the State of Texas to provide pension benefits for emergency services personnel who serve without significant monetary remuneration. TESRS is considered a component unit of the State of Texas financial reporting entity and is included in the State’s financial reports as a pension trust fund. At August 31, 2010, there were 198 member fire or emergency services departments participating in TESRS. Eligible participants include volunteer emergency services personnel who are members in good standing of a participating department.

Senate Bill 411, 65th Legislature, Regular Session (1977), created TESRS and established the applicable benefit provisions. The 79th Legislature, Regular Session (2005), recodified the provisions and gave the TESRS Board of Trustees authority to establish vesting requirements, contribution levels, benefit formulas, and eligibility requirements by board rule. The benefit provisions include retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Members are 50 percent vested after the tenth year of service, with the vesting percent increasing ten percent for each of the next five years of service so that a member becomes 100 percent vested with 15 years of service.

Upon reaching age 55, each vested member may retire and receive a monthly pension equal to his vested percent multiplied by six times the governing body’s average monthly contribution over the member’s years of qualified service. For years of service in excess of 15 years, this monthly benefit is increased at the rate of 6.2 percent compounded annually. On and off-duty death benefits and on-duty disability benefits are dependent on whether or not the member was engaged in the performance of duties at the time of death or disability. Death benefits include a lump-sum amount and continuing monthly payments to a member’s surviving spouse and dependent children.

TESRS issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements for TESRS. This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Texas Emergency Services Retirement System finances for all those with an interest in the system’s finances. This report may be obtained by writing to the office of the fire fighters’ pension commissioner, P.O. Box

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**  
**For the Year Ended September 30, 2010**

12577, Austin, TX 78711-2577; in addition the report is available on TESRS' website at [www.ffpc.state.tx.us.com](http://www.ffpc.state.tx.us.com).

**Funding Policy**

Contribution provisions were established by S.B. 411, 65th Legislature, Regular Session (1977) and were amended by board rule in 2006. No contributions are required by individual members of participating departments. The governing bodies of participating departments are required to contribute at least the minimum prescribed amount per month for each active member and may contribute more. Additional contributions may be made by a governing body to pay for granting credit for service before the department began participating in TESRS (prior service). The State may also be required to make annual contributions up a limited amount to make TESRS actuarially sound.

**Contributions**

The contribution requirement per active emergency services personnel member per month is not actuarially determined. Rather, the minimum contribution provisions were set by board rule. For the fiscal year ending August 31, 2010, total contributions (dues and prior service) of \$2,875,103 were paid into TESRS by the political subdivisions served by the member volunteer emergency services personnel. The State did not appropriate any maximum state contribution for the fiscal years ending September 30, 2010 and 2011. Total contributions made were equal to the contributions required by the State statute and were equal to the contributions required based on the revised August 31, 2008 actuarial valuation.

The purpose of the biennial actuarial valuation is to test the adequacy of the financing arrangement to determine if it is adequate to pay the benefits that are promised. The actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2009, revealed the adequacy of the expected contributions from the political subdivisions (dues and prior service contributions) together with the actual State appropriations for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2010 (\$502,941 to help pay for the System's administrative expenses), and with the assumed continuation of legislative appropriations of (1) the maximum State contribution amount in future years as is necessary for the System to have a 30-year amortization period and (2) approximately \$500,000 each year to help pay for the System's administrative expenses. Expected contributions for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2009, are equal to the contributions required.

The following is a summary of the actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level dollar, open
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years
Asset Valuation Method	Market value smoothed
Investment Rate of Return	8%
Projected Salary Increases	N/A
Includes Inflation at	3.5%
Cost of Living Adjustments	None

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**  
For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

**Three-Year Contribution Information**

<u>Fiscal year</u>	<u>Annual Pension Percentage of ARC</u>		<u>Net Pension Obligation</u>
	<u>Cost (ARC)</u>	<u>Contributions</u>	
2008	\$ 8,604	100%	\$ -
2009	\$ 7,512	100%	\$ -
2010	\$ 6,800	100%	\$ -

**D. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)**

**Plan Description**

In order to recognize and reward long-term employees, as well as to provide an incentive for remaining in the City's employment, the City administers a single-employer defined benefit Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) plan that will pay a portion of the premium for continuation of the medical and dental insurance coverage of certain retirees. The plan is known as the City of Tomball Retirement Health Care Plan. Enrollment for retiree coverage must be completed no later than 30 days after the date of retirement. Later enrollment is not permitted. Any retiree eligible for medical coverage with another group plan shall not qualify for medical coverage with the City.

In order to be eligible for this benefit, the retiree must be vested, age 55 or older and a current recipient of retirement benefits from the Texas Municipal Retirement System; have been a full-time employee of the City for ten consecutive years immediately prior to retirement; and satisfy the applicable plan requirements for the extension of retiree coverage under the medical and dental insurance benefit plan offered by the City at the time of retirement.

Beginning with retirement and ending when the person is eligible for Medicare coverage, the City shall pay a portion of the retiree medical and dental coverage premiums in accordance with the following: 40 percent of the premium costs for retirees having at least ten years, but less than 15 years, of full-time service with the City; 55 percent of the premium costs for retirees having at least 15 years, but less than 20 years, of full-time service with the City; 70 percent of the premium costs for retirees having at least 20 years, but less than 25 years, of full-time service with the City; or 85 percent of the premium costs for retirees having at least 25 years of full-time service with the City. To cover their spouses, eligible retirees must pay 100 percent of the cost for their eligible spouse. Eligible retirees shall pay 100 percent of the premiums for basic life insurance (\$2,000).

Benefit continuation of medical, dental, and life insurance coverage provided at the City's expense to retirees ends when the retiree is eligible for Medicare coverage. Retirees who are eligible for Medicare coverage may, at their sole expense, continue to purchase coverage for themselves and their eligible dependents as provided under the applicable terms of City's policies. The policy will be a secondary policy only. A separate postemployment benefit plan report is not available for the City of Tomball Retirement Health Care Plan.

**Funding Policy**

The City has elected to finance the OPEB plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. The City paid \$19,603 related to the plan for five retirees during the year.

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**  
**For the Year Ended September 30, 2010**

**Actuarial Information**

The contribution requirement has been actuarially determined. The actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and that actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimate are made about the future. The required schedule of funding progress immediately following the notes presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. Projections of benefits are based on the types of benefits provided under the substantive plan at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point, and the projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes do not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective, and consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. As of the actuarial valuation date of December 31, 2009, the actuarial value of plan assets is zero dollars, the actuarial accrued liability is \$780,043, the total unfunded actuarial liability is \$780,043, and the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability is zero percent. The annual covered payroll at December 31, 2009 was \$7,171,519 and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of covered payroll is 10.9%. The actuarial determined annual required contribution (ARC) is \$99,818. The components of the ARC consist of the employer's normal cost and the amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities.

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost of the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and the City's net OPEB obligation.

Annual required contribution	\$	99,818
Interest on OPEB Obligation		5,409
Adjustment to ARC		(5,011)
Contribution made		<u>(19,603)</u>
Increase in net OPEB obligation		80,613
Net OPEB obligation-beginning of year		<u>160,252</u>
Net OPEB obligation-end of year	\$	<u><u>240,865</u></u>

The following is a summary of the actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization Method	Level % of Payroll
Remaining Amortization Period	30 Years - Close period
Asset Valuation Method	Market value smoothed
Investment Rate of Return	4.5%
Projected Salary Increases	3.0%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate (Initial/Ulimate)	11.50%/ 3.5%

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued**  
For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

**Three-Year Contribution Information**

Fiscal year	Annual OPEB Percentage of ARC		Net Pension Obligation	
	Cost (ARC)	Contributions	Beginning	Ending
2008	\$ 87,162	5.86%	\$ -	\$ 82,052
2009	\$ 89,777	12.90%	\$ 82,052	\$ 160,252
2010	\$ 99,818	19.64%	\$ 160,252	\$ 240,865

**1. TMRS – Supplemental Death Benefit Fund**

Plan Description

The City also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an "other post employment benefit," or OPEB. The obligations of this plan are payable only from the SDBF and are not an obligation of, or a claim against, the Pension Trust Fund. For the year ended September 30, 2010, the City offered the supplemental death benefit to both active and retired employees.

Contributions

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers.

The City's contribution rate to the TMRS SDBF, for the retiree portion, for the years ended 2010 and 2009 were \$1,631 and \$2,193, respectively. The City's contribution rates for the past three years are shown below:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Annual Req. Contrib. (Rate)	0.13%	0.13%	0.14%
Actual Contribution Made	0.13%	0.13%	0.14%
Percentage of ARC Contrib.	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

***REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION***

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**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES**  
**IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL**  
**GENERAL FUND**

For the year ended September 30, 2010

	<u>Original Budget Amounts</u>	<u>Final Budget Amounts</u>	<u>Actual Amounts</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
<b>Revenues</b>				
Property taxes	\$ 1,438,921	\$ 1,438,921	\$ 1,417,699	\$ (21,222)
Sales, franchise, and other taxes	7,496,540	7,496,540	7,805,018	308,478
Permits and licenses	252,250	252,250	311,563	59,313
Fines and forfeitures	731,200	731,200	872,559	141,359
Services revenue	2,355,000	2,355,000	1,920,214	(434,786)
Intergovernmental	25,000	25,000	49,549	(15,000)
Contributions from component unit	7,000	7,000	10,000	42,549
Interest on investments	350,000	350,000	95,219	(254,781)
Other revenues	51,800	76,800	141,846	65,046
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<u>12,707,711</u>	<u>12,732,711</u>	<u>12,623,667</u>	<u>(109,044)</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Administrative	3,979,173	3,979,173	3,695,063	284,110
Police	4,536,464	4,536,465	4,366,661	169,804
Fire	1,235,370	1,587,192	1,137,865	449,327
Court	347,449	347,449	346,487	962
Public works	1,524,165	1,524,165	1,296,470	227,695
Sanitation	2,358,400	2,485,055	1,685,892	799,163
Streets	4,267,714	4,267,714	1,361,059	2,906,655
Permits	364,120	364,120	342,188	21,932
Garage	68,366	68,366	70,424	(2,058) *
Parks	336,716	528,570	503,479	25,091
Community services	155,417	155,417	135,225	20,192
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<u>19,173,354</u>	<u>19,843,686</u>	<u>14,940,813</u>	<u>4,902,873</u>
<b>Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</b>	<u>(6,465,643)</u>	<u>(7,110,975)</u>	<u>(2,317,146)</u>	<u>4,793,829</u>
<b>Other Financing Sources</b>				
Transfers in	2,260,134	2,260,134	2,260,134	-
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>	<u>2,260,134</u>	<u>2,260,134</u>	<u>2,260,134</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>	<u>\$ (4,205,509)</u>	<u>\$ (4,850,841)</u>	<u>(57,012)</u>	<u>\$ 4,793,829</u>
Beginning fund balance			<u>12,218,693</u>	
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>			<u>\$ 12,161,681</u>	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
2. \*Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control.

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS**  
**TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM**  
**For the Year Ended September 30, 2010**

The City's annual covered payroll and pension costs are actuarially valued on a calendar year basis. Because the City makes all the annually required contributions, no net pension obligation (NPO) exists. The information presented below represents the City's Schedule of Funding Progress.

Fiscal Year	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/2009	12/31/2008	12/31/2007	12/31/2006	12/31/2005
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 11,538,535	\$ 10,293,118	\$ 9,288,904	\$ 9,557,364	\$ 8,738,552
Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 17,190,687	\$ 15,605,065	\$ 14,020,342	\$ 11,949,758	\$ 10,737,581
Percentage Funded	67.1%	66.0%	66.3%	80.0%	81.4%
Unfunded Actuarial					
Accrued Liability	\$ 5,652,152	\$ 5,311,947	\$ 4,731,438	\$ 2,392,394	\$ 1,999,029
Annual Covered Payroll	\$ 7,278,133	\$ 7,040,733	\$ 6,052,532	\$ 5,500,061	\$ 5,270,959
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) % of Covered Payroll	77.7%	75.4%	78.2%	43.5%	37.9%
Net Pension Obligation (NPO) at the Beginning of Period	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Annual Req. Contrib. (ARC)	969,758	944,327	792,454	683,317	617,905
Contributions Made	969,758	944,327	792,454	683,317	617,905
<b>NPO at the End of Period</b>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>				

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS**  
**TEXAS EMERGENCY SERVICES RETIREMENT SYSTEM**  
**For the Year Ended September 30, 2010**

The City's annual covered payroll and pension costs are actuarially valued on a calendar year basis. Because the City makes all the annually required contributions, no net pension obligation (NPO) exists. The information presented below represents the City's Schedule of Funding Progress.

Fiscal Year	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Actuarial Valuation Date	8/31/2009	8/31/2008	8/31/2007	8/31/2006	8/31/2005
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 64,113,803	\$ 60,987,157	\$ 42,268,305	\$ 42,268,305	\$ 38,140,501
Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 79,953,215	\$ 64,227,341	\$ 58,082,828	\$ 58,082,828	\$ 51,567,426
Percentage Funded	80.2%	95.0%	72.8%	72.8%	74.0%
Unfunded Actuarial					
Accrued Liability	\$ 15,839,412	\$ 3,240,184	\$ 15,814,523	\$ 15,814,523	\$ 13,426,925
Total Members Covered	8,708	8,254	8,061	8,061	\$ 7,994
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability					
(UAAL) Per Member Covered	\$ 1,819	\$ 393	\$ 1,962	\$ 1,962	\$ 1,680
Net Pension Obligation (NPO)					
at the Beginning of Period	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Annual Req. Contrib. (ARC)	6,800	7,512	8,604	5,072	3,708
Contributions Made	6,800	7,512	8,604	5,072	3,708
<b>NPO at the End of Period</b>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>				

An actuarial valuation is performed every two years.

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**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS**  
**OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)**  
For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Projected Unit Credit (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]
04/30/08	\$ -	\$ 698,417	\$ 698,417	0.0%	\$ 7,419,044	9.4%
12/31/09	\$ -	\$ 780,043	\$ 780,043	0.0%	\$ 7,171,519	10.9%

<sup>1</sup> The City implemented GASB Statement No. 45 and the requirements have been implemented prospectively.

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***COMBINING STATEMENTS  
AND SCHEDULES***

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**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES**  
**IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL**  
**DEBT SERVICE FUND**

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	Original and Final Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues</b>			
Property taxes	\$ 1,553,342	\$ 1,520,895	\$ (32,447)
Interest on investments	3,000	2,604	(396)
Other revenue	22,000	12,067	(9,933)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	1,578,342	1,535,566	(42,776)
<b>Expenditures</b>			
Debt service:			
Principal	1,385,500	1,135,500	250,000
Interest and fiscal agent fees	676,983	723,159	(46,176)
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	2,062,483	1,858,659	203,824
<b>Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures</b>	(484,141)	(323,093)	(246,600)
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>			
Refunding bonds issued	2,120,000	2,120,000	-
Premium on refunding bond	4,945	4,945	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(2,071,560)	(2,071,560)	-
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	53,385	53,385	-
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>	\$ (430,756)	(269,708)	\$ 161,048
Beginning fund balance		1,195,663	
<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>		\$ 925,955	

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# **CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**

## ***NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS***

**For the Year Ended September 30, 2010**

### **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**

**Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

### **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS**

**Capital Projects Fund** is used to account for resources used in the acquisition or construction of major general capital assets.

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**COMBINING BALANCE SHEET**  
**NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Page 1 of 2)**  
September 30, 2010

	<u>Special General</u>	<u>Capital Projects</u>	<u>Court Security</u>	<u>Court Technology</u>
<b><u>Assets</u></b>				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 153,820	\$ 133,790	\$ 181,103	\$ 171,098
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 153,820</b>	<b>\$ 133,790</b>	<b>\$ 181,103</b>	<b>\$ 171,098</b>
<b><u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u></b>				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,510	\$ -
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,510</b>	<b>-</b>
Fund balances:				
Reserved for court security	-	-	179,593	-
Reserved for court technology	-	-	-	171,098
Unreserved	153,820	133,790	-	-
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	<b>153,820</b>	<b>133,790</b>	<b>179,593</b>	<b>171,098</b>
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	<b>\$ 153,820</b>	<b>\$ 133,790</b>	<b>\$ 181,103</b>	<b>\$ 171,098</b>

<u>Housing Trust</u>	<u>Hotel Occupancy Tax</u>	<u>Red Light Camera</u>	<u>District Attorney</u>	<u>Bunny Run</u>
\$ 2,515	\$ 255,442	\$ 642,103	\$ 12,589	\$ 2,477
-	3,400	44,001	-	-
<u>\$ 2,515</u>	<u>\$ 258,842</u>	<u>\$ 686,104</u>	<u>\$ 12,589</u>	<u>\$ 2,477</u>
\$ -	\$ 1,148	\$ 222,566	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-
-	1,148	222,566	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
<u>2,515</u>	<u>257,694</u>	<u>463,538</u>	<u>12,589</u>	<u>2,477</u>
<u>2,515</u>	<u>257,694</u>	<u>463,538</u>	<u>12,589</u>	<u>2,477</u>
<u>\$ 2,515</u>	<u>\$ 258,842</u>	<u>\$ 686,104</u>	<u>\$ 12,589</u>	<u>\$ 2,477</u>

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**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**COMBINING BALANCE SHEET**  
**NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Page 2 of 2)**  
September 30, 2010

<u>Department of Justice Grant</u>	<u>Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds</u>
\$ 8,773	\$ 1,563,710
<u>-</u>	<u>47,401</u>
<u>\$ 8,773</u>	<u>\$ 1,611,111</u>
\$ -	\$ 225,224
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<u>-</u>	<u>225,224</u>
-	179,593
-	171,098
<u>8,773</u>	<u>1,035,196</u>
<u>8,773</u>	<u>1,385,887</u>
<u>\$ 8,773</u>	<u>\$ 1,611,111</u>

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,**  
**AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES**  
**NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Page 1 of 2)**  
For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	<u>Special General</u>	<u>Capital Projects</u>	<u>Court Security</u>	<u>Court Technology</u>
<b>Revenues</b>				
Other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	25,228	33,645
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Interest on investments	354	292	439	334
Other revenues	11,253	-	-	-
<b>Total Revenue</b>	<u>11,607</u>	<u>292</u>	<u>25,667</u>	<u>33,979</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Current:				
Administrative	14,269	-	42,068	1,500
Court	-	-	-	-
Community services	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<u>14,269</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>42,068</u>	<u>1,500</u>
<b>Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures</b>	<u>(2,662)</u>	<u>292</u>	<u>(16,401)</u>	<u>32,479</u>
<b>Net Change in Fund Balances</b>	(2,662)	292	(16,401)	32,479
Beginning fund balances	<u>156,482</u>	<u>133,498</u>	<u>195,994</u>	<u>138,619</u>
<b>Ending Fund Balances</b>	<u>\$ 153,820</u>	<u>\$ 133,790</u>	<u>\$ 179,593</u>	<u>\$ 171,098</u>

<u>Housing Trust</u>	<u>Hotel Occupancy Tax</u>	<u>Red Light Camera</u>	<u>District Attorney</u>	<u>Bunny Run</u>
\$ -	\$ 154,174	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	272,667	-	-
-	-	-	-	7,581
7	558	-	30	-
-	88,328	1,121	-	-
<u>7</u>	<u>243,060</u>	<u>273,788</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>7,581</u>
-	86,961	139,034	4,143	666
-	-	-	-	-
<u>3,444</u>	<u>123,286</u>	<u>9,021</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,956</u>
<u>3,444</u>	<u>210,247</u>	<u>148,055</u>	<u>4,143</u>	<u>5,622</u>
<u>(3,437)</u>	<u>32,813</u>	<u>125,733</u>	<u>(4,113)</u>	<u>1,959</u>
(3,437)	32,813	125,733	(4,113)	1,959
<u>5,952</u>	<u>224,881</u>	<u>337,805</u>	<u>16,702</u>	<u>518</u>
<u>\$ 2,515</u>	<u>\$ 257,694</u>	<u>\$ 463,538</u>	<u>\$ 12,589</u>	<u>\$ 2,477</u>

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**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,**  
**AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES**  
**NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Page 2 of 2)**  
**For the Year Ended September 30, 2010**

<u>Department of Justice Grant</u>	<u>Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds</u>
\$ -	\$ 154,174
-	331,540
16,000	23,581
-	2,014
-	100,702
<u>16,000</u>	<u>612,011</u>
7,227	295,868
-	-
-	140,707
<u>7,227</u>	<u>436,575</u>
<u>8,773</u>	<u>175,436</u>
8,773	175,436
-	1,210,451
<u>\$ 8,773</u>	<u>\$ 1,385,887</u>

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES**  
**IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL**  
**NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**  
For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

<b>COURT SECURITY</b>				
	<u>Original Budget Amounts</u>	<u>Final Budget Amounts</u>	<u>Actual Amounts</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
<b>Revenues</b>				
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 22,000	\$ 22,000	\$ 25,228	\$ 3,228
Interest on investments	1,500	1,500	439	(1,061)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<u>23,500</u>	<u>23,500</u>	<u>25,667</u>	<u>2,167</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Administrative	39,032	39,032	42,068	(3,036)
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<u>39,032</u>	<u>39,032</u>	<u>42,068</u>	<u>(3,036) *</u>
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>	<u>\$ (15,532)</u>	<u>\$ (15,532)</u>	(16,401)	<u>\$ (869)</u>
Beginning fund balance			<u>195,994</u>	
		<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>	<u>\$ 179,593</u>	

1. \*Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control.

<b>COURT TECHNOLOGY</b>				
	<u>Original Budget Amounts</u>	<u>Final Budget Amounts</u>	<u>Actual Amounts</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
<b>Revenues</b>				
Fines and forfeitures	\$ 28,000	\$ 28,000	\$ 33,645	\$ 5,645
Interest on investments	1,200	1,200	334	(866)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<u>29,200</u>	<u>29,200</u>	<u>33,979</u>	<u>4,779</u>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Administrative	5,333	5,333	1,500	3,833
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<u>5,333</u>	<u>5,333</u>	<u>1,500</u>	<u>3,833</u>
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>	<u>\$ 23,867</u>	<u>\$ 23,867</u>	32,479	<u>\$ 8,612</u>
Beginning fund balance			<u>138,619</u>	
		<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>	<u>\$ 171,098</u>	

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES**  
**IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL**  
**NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS**  
For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

HOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX				
	Original Budget Amounts	Final Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues</b>				
Other taxes	\$ 220,000	\$ 220,000	\$ 154,174	\$ (65,826)
Other revenues	95,685	95,685	88,328	(7,357)
Interest and fiscal agent fees	3,000	3,000	558	(2,442)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	318,685	318,685	243,060	(75,625)
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Administrative	37,960	128,310	86,961	41,349
Community services	100,000	100,000	123,286	(23,286)
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	137,960	228,310	210,247	18,063
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>	\$ 180,725	\$ 90,375	32,813	\$ (57,562)
Beginning fund balance			224,881	
		<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>	\$ 257,694	

SPECIAL GENERAL				
	Original Budget Amounts	Final Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues</b>				
Other revenues	\$ 7,500	\$ 7,500	\$ 11,253	\$ 3,753
Interest on investments	750	750	354	(396)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	8,250	8,250	11,607	3,357
<b>Expenditures</b>				
Administrative	50,000	50,000	14,269	35,731
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	50,000	50,000	14,269	35,731
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>	\$ (41,750)	\$ (41,750)	(2,662)	\$ 39,088
Beginning fund balance			156,482	
		<b>Ending Fund Balance</b>	\$ 153,820	

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# **CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**

## ***INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS***

September 30, 2010

### **Fleet Replacement Fund**

This internal service fund is used to account for fleet replacement to departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

### **Health Benefits Fund**

This internal service fund is used to account for the costs associated with health benefits to departments or agencies of the City on a cost reimbursement basis as well as costs associated with retiring and separating employees.

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS**  
**INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**  
September 30, 2010

	<b>Fleet Replacement</b>	<b>Health Benefits</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b><u>Assets</u></b>			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,472,827	\$ 195,849	\$ 1,668,676
Accounts receivable, net	-	5,264	5,264
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	1,472,827	201,113	1,673,940
Noncurrent assets:			
Depreciable capital assets	1,116,869	-	1,116,869
Less: accumulated depreciation	(347,467)	-	(347,467)
<b>Total Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)</b>	769,402	-	769,402
<b>Total Noncurrent Assets</b>	769,402	-	769,402
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$ 2,242,229	\$ 201,113	\$ 2,443,342
<b><u>Liabilities</u></b>			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 19,141	\$ 4,316	\$ 23,457
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	19,141	4,316	23,457
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	19,141	4,316	23,457
<b><u>Net Assets</u></b>			
Invested in capital assets	769,402	-	769,402
Unrestricted	1,453,686	196,797	1,650,483
<b>Total Net Assets</b>	\$ 2,223,088	\$ 196,797	\$ 2,419,885

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES,**  
**AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS**  
**INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**  
For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	<u>Fleet Replacement</u>	<u>Health Benefits</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b><u>Operating Revenues</u></b>			
Charges for sales and services	\$ 610,543	\$ 1,632,788	\$ 2,243,331
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	<u>610,543</u>	<u>1,632,788</u>	<u>2,243,331</u>
<b><u>Operating Expenses</u></b>			
Costs of sales and services	141,113	1,436,203	1,577,316
Depreciation	148,129	-	148,129
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	<u>289,242</u>	<u>1,436,203</u>	<u>1,725,445</u>
<b>Operating Income</b>	<u>321,301</u>	<u>196,585</u>	<u>517,886</u>
<b><u>Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)</u></b>			
Investment income	2,771	184	2,955
Disposal of capital assets	(22,366)	-	(22,366)
<b>Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)</b>	<u>(19,595)</u>	<u>184</u>	<u>(19,411)</u>
<b>Change in Net Assets</b>	301,706	196,769	498,475
Beginning net assets	<u>1,921,382</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>1,921,410</u>
<b>Ending Net Assets</b>	<u>\$ 2,223,088</u>	<u>\$ 196,797</u>	<u>\$ 2,419,885</u>

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**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**  
**INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**  
For the Year Ended September 30, 2010

	<u>Fleet Replacement</u>	<u>Health Benefits</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b><u>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</u></b>			
Receipts from customers	\$ 610,543	\$ 1,627,524	\$ 2,238,067
Payments to suppliers	(18,150)	(1,438,371)	(1,456,521)
<b>Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities</b>	<u>592,393</u>	<u>189,153</u>	<u>781,546</u>
<b><u>Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities</u></b>			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(221,729)	-	(221,729)
Disposal of capital assets	(22,366)	-	(22,366)
<b>Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities</b>	<u>(244,095)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(244,095)</u>
<b><u>Cash Flows from Investing Activities</u></b>			
Investment earnings	2,771	184	2,955
<b>Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities</b>	<u>2,771</u>	<u>184</u>	<u>2,955</u>
<b>Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	351,069	189,337	540,406
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	1,121,758	6,512	1,128,270
<b>Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	<u>\$ 1,472,827</u>	<u>\$ 195,849</u>	<u>\$ 1,668,676</u>
<b>Reconciliation of Operating Income</b>			
<b>to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities</b>			
Operating income	\$ 321,301	\$ 196,585	\$ 517,886
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	148,129	-	148,129
<b>Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:</b>			
<b>(Increase) Decrease in Current Assets:</b>			
Accounts receivable	-	(5,264)	(5,264)
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-
<b>Increase (Decrease) in Current Liabilities:</b>			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	122,963	(2,168)	120,795
Customer deposits	-	-	-
<b>Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities</b>	<u>\$ 592,393</u>	<u>\$ 189,153</u>	<u>\$ 781,546</u>

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# ***STATISTICAL SECTION***

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<b>Contents</b>	<b>Page</b>
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<b>Financial Trends</b>	<b>92</b>
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*These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.*

<b>Revenue Capacity</b>	<b>102</b>
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*These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, property tax.*

<b>Debt Capacity</b>	<b>112</b>
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*These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.*

<b>Demographic and Economic Information</b>	<b>122</b>
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*These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.*

<b>Operating Information</b>	<b>126</b>
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*These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.*

# CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS

## NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT

Last Eight Years (1)

(Accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year			
	2003	2004	2005	2006
Governmental activities				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 1,181,805	\$ 4,441,423	\$ 4,007,407	\$ 2,886,256
Restricted	8,853,454	7,957,216	4,802,952	2,323,077
Unrestricted	14,288,573	8,565,864	13,761,452	20,707,302
Total governmental activities net assets	<u>\$ 24,323,832</u>	<u>\$ 20,964,503</u>	<u>\$ 22,571,811</u>	<u>\$ 25,916,635</u>
Business-type activities				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 6,353,013	\$ 10,928,309	\$ 16,178,138	\$ 23,478,199
Restricted	10,045,644	10,409,786	7,760,255	2,305,729
Unrestricted	4,857,704	5,055,643	5,379,709	6,386,872
Total business-type activities net assets	<u>\$ 21,256,361</u>	<u>\$ 26,393,738</u>	<u>\$ 29,318,102</u>	<u>\$ 32,170,800</u>
Primary government				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 7,534,818	\$ 15,369,732	\$ 20,185,545	\$ 26,364,455
Restricted	18,899,098	18,367,002	12,563,207	4,628,806
Unrestricted	19,146,277	13,621,507	19,141,161	27,094,174
Total primary government net assets	<u>\$ 45,580,193</u>	<u>\$ 47,358,241</u>	<u>\$ 51,889,913</u>	<u>\$ 58,087,435</u>

(1) The requirement for statistical data is ten years; only eight years are available at this time.

**Fiscal Year**

<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>
\$ 7,175,862	\$ 10,206,785	\$ 16,143,552	\$ 16,812,565
3,686,000	1,835,397	2,278,695	1,425,031
17,884,555	16,282,148	11,362,902	12,820,058
<u>\$ 28,746,417</u>	<u>\$ 28,324,330</u>	<u>\$ 29,785,149</u>	<u>\$ 31,057,654</u>
\$ 25,045,502	\$ 24,774,972	\$ 26,080,707	\$ 29,073,794
876,468	-	-	-
7,493,793	9,610,968	10,555,994	8,753,794
<u>\$ 33,415,763</u>	<u>\$ 34,385,940</u>	<u>\$ 36,636,701</u>	<u>\$ 37,827,588</u>
\$ 32,221,364	\$ 34,981,757	\$ 42,224,259	\$ 45,886,359
4,562,468	1,835,397	2,278,695	1,425,031
25,378,348	25,893,116	21,918,896	21,573,852
<u>\$ 62,162,180</u>	<u>\$ 62,710,270</u>	<u>\$ 66,421,850</u>	<u>\$ 68,885,242</u>

# CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS

## CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

Last Eight Years (1)

(Accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year			
	2003	2004	2005	2006
<b>Expenses</b>				
Governmental activities				
General government	\$ 1,609,976	\$ 1,808,900	\$ 1,878,285	\$ 1,889,935
Public safety	3,674,996	4,248,752	5,053,045	5,057,268
Public works	2,923,519	3,326,545	3,435,589	3,709,054
Community services	366,273	394,829	510,454	512,679
Interest and fiscal agent fees	711,446	984,989	938,772	873,035
Total governmental activities expenses	<u>9,286,210</u>	<u>10,764,015</u>	<u>11,816,145</u>	<u>12,041,971</u>
Business-type activities				
General government	895,288	1,038,905	1,670,035	1,309,655
Water	1,273,146	1,520,015	1,742,380	1,488,771
Sewer	1,376,314	1,620,045	2,089,770	2,575,820
Gas	1,888,619	1,955,713	1,223,218	2,048,247
Interest and fiscal agent fees	-	-	-	-
Total business-type activities expenses	<u>5,433,367</u>	<u>6,134,678</u>	<u>6,725,403</u>	<u>7,422,493</u>
Total primary government expenses	<u>\$ 14,719,577</u>	<u>\$ 16,898,693</u>	<u>\$ 18,541,548</u>	<u>\$ 19,464,464</u>
<b>Program Revenues</b>				
Governmental activities				
Charges for services				
Public safety	\$ 984,789	\$ 1,027,034	\$ 1,203,548	\$ 1,443,068
Public works	1,584,663	1,689,041	1,787,578	1,749,695
Operating grants and contributions	1,170,684	96,279	93,897	93,042
Total governmental activities program revenues	<u>3,740,136</u>	<u>2,812,354</u>	<u>3,085,023</u>	<u>3,285,805</u>
Business-type activities				
Charges for services				
General government	-	-	-	-
Water	2,018,000	2,363,284	2,637,614	3,041,240
Sewer	1,261,810	1,259,970	1,309,939	1,587,786
Gas	1,787,152	2,110,902	2,173,694	2,460,885
Capital grants and contributions	-	280,785	2,439,084	137,444
Total business-type activities program revenues	<u>5,066,962</u>	<u>6,014,941</u>	<u>8,560,331</u>	<u>7,227,355</u>
Total primary government program revenues	<u>\$ 8,807,098</u>	<u>\$ 8,827,295</u>	<u>\$ 11,645,354</u>	<u>\$ 10,513,160</u>
<b>Net (Expense)/Revenue</b>				
Governmental activities	\$ (5,546,074)	\$ (7,951,661)	\$ (8,731,122)	\$ (8,756,166)
Business-type activities	(366,405)	(119,737)	1,834,928	(195,138)
Total primary government net expense	<u>\$ (5,912,479)</u>	<u>\$ (8,071,398)</u>	<u>\$ (6,896,194)</u>	<u>\$ (8,951,304)</u>

Fiscal Year			
2007	2008	2009	2010
\$ 1,438,117	\$ 1,734,307	3,091,652	3,698,206
5,449,912	7,224,244	6,720,247	5,911,378
5,076,429	6,325,789	5,692,269	5,183,458
355,348	471,539	260,561	259,569
824,168	790,736	708,109	658,304
<u>13,143,974</u>	<u>16,546,615</u>	<u>16,472,838</u>	<u>15,710,915</u>
2,744,139	2,775,923	2,235,193	1,843,501
1,259,961	1,720,131	2,215,841	2,197,679
1,081,343	1,164,702	1,402,558	1,134,907
2,496,747	2,727,066	2,486,336	2,374,227
630,735	585,710	-	512,851
<u>8,212,925</u>	<u>8,973,532</u>	<u>8,339,928</u>	<u>8,063,165</u>
<u>\$ 21,356,899</u>	<u>\$ 25,520,147</u>	<u>\$ 24,812,766</u>	<u>\$ 23,774,080</u>
\$ 1,352,444	\$ 922,073	1,044,706	1,204,099
1,938,750	2,612,619	2,596,344	2,231,777
135,750	259,047	278,350	83,130
<u>3,426,944</u>	<u>3,793,739</u>	<u>3,919,400</u>	<u>3,519,006</u>
-	118,192	-	427,519
3,208,398	3,317,403	4,547,803	3,985,231
1,401,640	1,725,839	2,468,377	2,233,364
3,675,752	3,792,717	4,426,091	4,011,635
-	-	720,000	720,000
<u>8,285,790</u>	<u>8,954,151</u>	<u>12,162,271</u>	<u>11,377,749</u>
<u>\$ 11,712,734</u>	<u>\$ 12,747,890</u>	<u>\$ 16,081,671</u>	<u>\$ 14,896,755</u>
\$ (9,717,030)	(12,752,876)	(12,553,438)	(12,191,909)
72,865	(19,381)	3,822,343	3,314,584
<u>\$ (9,644,165)</u>	<u>\$ (12,772,257)</u>	<u>\$ (8,731,095)</u>	<u>\$ (8,877,325)</u>

# CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS

## CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (Continued)

Last Eight Years (1)

(accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year			
	2003	2004	2005	2006
<b>General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets</b>				
Governmental activities				
Taxes				
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	\$ 101,356	\$ 721,527	\$ 805,285	\$ 952,673
Property taxes, levied for debt service	1,721,414	1,243,803	1,238,004	1,286,693
Sales taxes	5,134,332	5,556,890	6,479,974	7,491,415
Franchise and local taxes	1,011,342	1,020,001	1,067,621	1,069,381
Other taxes	50,312	95,995	100,056	112,527
Contributions	402,958	34,052	36,320	114,909
Investment earnings	159,714	291,197	558,759	988,431
Other revenues	25,581	119,949	43,774	62,362
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-	8,920	8,637	22,599
Transfers	-	(4,500,000)	-	-
Total governmental activities	<u>8,607,009</u>	<u>4,592,334</u>	<u>10,338,430</u>	<u>12,100,990</u>
Business-type activities				
Investment earnings	231,462	175,176	366,816	477,600
Other revenues	869,862	760,976	722,620	2,570,236
Transfers	-	4,500,000	-	-
Total business-type activities	<u>1,101,324</u>	<u>5,436,152</u>	<u>1,089,436</u>	<u>3,047,836</u>
Total primary government	<u>\$ 9,708,333</u>	<u>\$ 10,028,486</u>	<u>\$ 11,427,866</u>	<u>\$ 15,148,826</u>
<b>Change in Net Assets</b>				
Governmental activities	\$ 3,060,935	\$ (3,359,327)	\$ 1,607,308	\$ 3,344,824
Business-type activities	734,919	5,316,415	2,924,364	2,852,698
Total primary government	<u>\$ 3,795,854</u>	<u>\$ 1,957,088</u>	<u>\$ 4,531,672</u>	<u>\$ 6,197,522</u>

(1) The requirement for statistical data is ten years; only eight years are available at this time.

Fiscal Year			
2007	2008	2009	2010
\$ 1,168,491	\$ 933,885	\$ 1,587,560	\$ 1,422,603
1,299,344	1,511,139	1,449,089	1,500,310
7,304,280	7,100,293	7,038,176	6,651,064
1,140,734	1,201,401	1,150,591	1,153,954
181,503	267,133	308,100	229,636
6,000	6,000	-	-
1,222,816	756,431	325,789	80,426
223,644	515,216	405,391	166,287
-	-	-	-
-	39,291	1,749,561	2,260,134
<u>12,546,812</u>	<u>12,330,789</u>	<u>14,014,257</u>	<u>13,464,414</u>
452,098	308,849	175,119	93,361
720,000	720,000	2,860	43,076
-	(39,291)	(1,749,561)	(2,260,134)
<u>1,172,098</u>	<u>989,558</u>	<u>(1,571,582)</u>	<u>(2,123,697)</u>
<u>\$ 13,718,910</u>	<u>\$ 13,320,347</u>	<u>\$ 12,442,675</u>	<u>\$ 11,340,717</u>
\$ 2,829,782	12,330,789	\$ 1,460,819	\$ 1,272,505
1,244,963	989,558	2,250,761	1,190,887
<u>\$ 4,074,745</u>	<u>\$ 13,320,347</u>	<u>\$ 3,711,580</u>	<u>\$ 2,463,392</u>

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
 Last Ten Years  
 (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year			
	2001	2002	2003	2004
General Fund				
Reserved	\$ -	\$ 3,314,775	\$ 7,877,234	\$ 7,274,055
Unreserved	11,998,860	18,571,716	14,046,018	15,224,108
Total general fund	<u>\$ 11,998,860</u>	<u>\$ 21,886,491</u>	<u>\$ 21,923,252</u>	<u>\$ 22,498,163</u>
All Other Governmental Funds				
Reserved	\$ 1,609,563	\$ 1,383,613	\$ 1,629,739	\$ 1,253,170
Unreserved, reported in:				
Capital project funds	-	-	612	9,218
Nonmajor governmental funds	14,107	15,716	21,429	38,108
Total all other governmental funds	<u>\$ 1,623,670</u>	<u>\$ 1,399,329</u>	<u>\$ 1,651,780</u>	<u>\$ 1,300,496</u>

Fiscal Year					
2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
\$ 4,268,304	\$ 1,646,027	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,724	\$ -
18,009,256	21,048,552	21,199,234	16,676,502	12,194,969	12,161,681
<u>\$ 22,277,560</u>	<u>\$ 22,694,579</u>	<u>\$ 21,199,234</u>	<u>\$ 16,676,502</u>	<u>\$ 12,218,693</u>	<u>\$ 12,161,681</u>
\$ 915,699	\$ 1,205,549	\$ 2,407,556	\$ 2,097,709	\$ 1,530,276	\$ 1,278,156
9,637	9,757	79,883	121,425	133,498	133,790
34,187	23,333	138,137	353,527	742,340	901,406
<u>\$ 959,523</u>	<u>\$ 1,238,639</u>	<u>\$ 2,625,576</u>	<u>\$ 2,572,661</u>	<u>\$ 2,406,114</u>	<u>\$ 2,313,352</u>

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
 Last Ten Years  
 (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year			
	2001	2002	2003	2004
<b>Revenues</b>				
Taxes	\$ 6,786,305	\$ 7,507,370	8,090,360	\$ 8,012,912
Permits, licenses, and fees	395,010	495,521	372,621	317,369
Fines and forfeitures	650,348	683,007	537,494	531,439
Charges for services	1,405,308	1,577,404	1,626,644	1,749,537
Intergovernmental	243,656	140,536	1,242,684	202,331
Contributions from Component Unit	-	-		
Investment earnings	938,798	630,748	402,958	291,197
Other revenues	56,971	77,525	121,119	187,369
<b>Total revenues</b>	<b>10,476,396</b>	<b>11,112,111</b>	<b>12,393,880</b>	<b>11,292,154</b>
<b>Expenditures</b>				
General government	1,223,239	1,259,828	1,366,138	1,628,722
Public safety	2,867,985	3,072,942	3,236,266	3,777,556
Public works	1,757,733	2,170,635	2,095,207	2,764,994
Public service	514,182	346,732	369,130	385,465
Capital outlay	2,276,988	3,026,723	4,466,088	4,850,051
Debt service				
Principal	545,000	813,061	861,452	1,373,838
Interest and paying agent	341,127	437,206	719,307	949,814
<b>Total expenditures</b>	<b>9,526,254</b>	<b>11,127,127</b>	<b>13,113,588</b>	<b>15,730,440</b>
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	950,142	(15,016)	(719,708)	(4,438,286)
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>				
Transfers in	-	180,000	-	-
Transfers out	(1,185,000)	-	-	(4,500,000)
Issuance of debt	726,738	9,500,147	-	8,500,000
Premium on debt issued	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	-	-
Sale of capital assets	-	-	42,972	23,413
<b>Total other financing sources</b>	<b>(458,262)</b>	<b>9,680,147</b>	<b>42,972</b>	<b>4,023,413</b>
<b>Net change in fund balances</b>	<b>\$ 491,880</b>	<b>\$ 9,665,131</b>	<b>(676,736)</b>	<b>\$ (414,873)</b>
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	12.22%	15.43%	18.28%	21.36%

Fiscal Year

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
\$	9,716,624	\$ 10,931,747	\$ 10,936,779	\$ 11,193,185	\$ 11,442,297	\$ 10,973,248
	331,660	409,694	414,713	319,177	247,548	311,563
	700,112	832,314	728,148	922,073	1,044,706	1,204,099
	1,850,595	1,850,925	2,059,958	2,293,442	2,348,796	1,920,214
	202,217	279,950	213,750	265,047	278,350	73,130
						10,000
	558,759	878,636	1,222,817	713,433	312,290	99,837
	81,671	98,866	168,216	332,551	361,992	166,287
	<u>13,441,638</u>	<u>15,282,132</u>	<u>15,744,381</u>	<u>16,038,908</u>	<u>16,035,979</u>	<u>14,758,378</u>
	1,727,172	1,800,747	1,837,112	3,822,202	2,606,885	4,327,065
	4,548,579	4,741,965	5,130,493	6,010,899	7,770,127	5,855,096
	2,734,706	2,856,974	3,112,853	3,635,764	3,713,018	3,784,400
	449,795	424,129	1,113,084	550,513	932,492	575,092
	2,236,496	2,814,130	2,762,545	3,521,127	5,387,966	821,359
	1,391,273	1,194,405	1,138,174	1,158,174	1,328,619	1,135,500
	948,260	891,842	830,330	795,482	714,188	723,159
	<u>14,036,281</u>	<u>14,724,192</u>	<u>15,924,591</u>	<u>19,494,161</u>	<u>22,453,295</u>	<u>17,221,671</u>
	(594,643)	557,940	(180,210)	(3,455,253)	(6,417,316)	(2,463,293)
	-	-	-	-	1,749,561	2,260,134
	-	-	-	(1,248,846)	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	2,120,000
	-	-	-	-	-	4,945
	-	-	-	-	-	(2,071,560)
	33,064	28,399	-	182,665	43,399	-
	<u>33,064</u>	<u>28,399</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,066,181)</u>	<u>1,792,960</u>	<u>2,313,519</u>
\$	<u>(561,579)</u>	<u>\$ 586,339</u>	<u>\$ (180,210)</u>	<u>\$ (4,521,434)</u>	<u>\$ (4,624,356)</u>	<u>\$ (149,774)</u>
	19.83%	17.52%	14.96%	12.26%	12.27%	11.33%

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**  
**Last Ten Years**  
**(Accrual basis of accounting)**

<u>Function</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>
Property	\$ 1,469,880	\$ 1,656,767	\$ 1,894,374	\$ 1,978,526	\$ 2,068,974
Sales	4,323,015	4,725,338	5,134,332	4,918,390	6,479,974
Franchise fee	929,450	1,060,206	1,011,342	1,020,001	1,067,620
Other taxes	63,960	65,059	50,312	95,995	100,056
	<u>\$ 6,786,305</u>	<u>\$ 7,507,370</u>	<u>\$ 8,090,360</u>	<u>\$ 8,012,912</u>	<u>\$ 9,716,624</u>

<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>Change 2009-2010</u>
\$ 2,258,424	\$ 2,310,262	\$ 2,570,145	\$ 3,036,649	\$ 2,922,913	-3.75%
7,491,415	7,304,280	7,206,713	7,038,176	6,651,064	-5.50%
1,069,381	1,140,734	1,149,261	1,150,591	1,153,954	0.29%
112,527	181,503	267,066	308,100	154,174	-49.96%
<u>\$ 10,931,747</u>	<u>\$ 10,936,779</u>	<u>\$ 11,193,185</u>	<u>\$ 11,533,516</u>	<u>\$ 10,882,105</u>	-5.65%

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY**  
**Last Seven Years (2)**

	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>
<b>Residential Property</b>	\$ 312,970,420	\$ 346,417,520	\$ 534,830,588	\$ 548,645,926
<b>Commercial Property</b>	349,489,260	362,762,930	439,434,785	420,414,851
<b>Less: Tax Exempt Property</b>	<u>(35,756,520)</u>	<u>(36,272,730)</u>	<u>(192,670,546)</u>	<u>(221,138,305)</u>
<b>Total Taxable Assessed Value (1)</b>	<u>\$ 626,703,160</u>	<u>\$ 672,907,720</u>	<u>\$ 781,594,827</u>	<u>\$ 747,922,472</u>
<b>Total Direct Tax Rate</b>	0.280000	0.280000	0.251455	0.251455

Source: Harris County Certified / Uncertified Tax Roll.

- (1) Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to actual value.  
(2) The requirement for statistical data is ten years; only seven years are available at this time  
Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>
\$ 562,126,135	\$ 494,490,612	\$ 431,346,771
516,025,633	962,896,368	1,041,882,736
<u>(213,059,540)</u>	<u>(302,822,021)</u>	<u>(317,120,571)</u>
<u>\$ 865,092,228</u>	<u>\$ 1,154,564,959</u>	<u>\$ 1,156,108,936</u>
0.251455	0.251455	0.251455

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS**  
 Last Ten Years

	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>
City of Tomball by fund:				
General	\$ 0.117600	\$ 0.114000	\$ 0.015410	\$ 0.100000
Debt service	0.189240	0.166000	0.264590	0.180000
<b>Total Direct Rates</b>	<u>0.306840</u>	<u>0.280000</u>	<u>0.280000</u>	<u>0.280000</u>
Tomball Independent School District	1.650000	1.680000	1.750000	1.730000
Harris County	0.394800	0.359000	0.383900	0.388100
Harris County Flood Control District	0.080000	0.061700	0.047600	0.041700
Port of Houston Authority	0.020400	0.018300	0.018300	0.019900
Harris County Hospital District	0.146500	0.202700	0.190200	0.190200
School Equalization	0.006290	0.006290	0.006290	0.006290
Lone Star College System District	0.001100	0.001100	0.001055	0.001055
Emergency Service District #8	-	-	-	-
<b>Total Direct and Overlapping Rates (1)</b>	<u>\$ 2.605930</u>	<u>\$ 2.609090</u>	<u>\$ 2.677345</u>	<u>\$ 2.657245</u>

Tax rates per \$100 of assessed valuation  
 Source: Harris County Appraisal District

(1) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply within the City of Tomball.

<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>
\$ 0.108000	\$ 0.116640	\$ 0.106468	\$ 0.101455	\$ 0.131455	\$ 0.121455
0.172000	0.163360	0.144987	0.150000	0.120000	0.130000
<u>0.280000</u>	<u>0.280000</u>	<u>0.251455</u>	<u>0.251455</u>	<u>0.251455</u>	<u>0.251455</u>
1.730000	1.710000	1.580000	1.275000	1.360000	1.360000
0.388000	0.399860	0.402390	0.392390	0.389230	0.388050
0.041700	0.033220	0.032410	0.031060	0.030860	0.029230
0.020000	0.014740	0.013020	0.014370	0.017730	0.020540
0.190200	0.192160	0.192160	0.192160	0.192160	0.192160
0.006290	0.006290	0.006290	0.005853	0.005840	0.006581
0.114500	0.120700	0.114400	0.114400	0.110100	0.117600
0.030000	0.030000	0.030000	0.030000	0.050000	0.050000
<u>\$ 2.800690</u>	<u>\$ 2.786970</u>	<u>\$ 2.622125</u>	<u>\$ 2.306688</u>	<u>\$ 2.407375</u>	<u>\$ 2.415616</u>

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# CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS

## PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Property Tax Payer	2010			2001		
	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	% of Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	% of Taxable Assessed Value
B. J. Services	\$ 135,007,739	1	11.68%	\$ 31,983,780	2	8.27%
Wal-Mart	19,904,980	2	1.72%	15,012,850	1	3.88%
MSR TX Tomball LP	18,600,000	3	1.61%		n/a	
Lowe's	15,914,622	4	1.38%		n/a	
Centerpoint Energy	15,132,013	5	1.31%		n/a	
HEB Grocery	14,503,723	6	1.25%		n/a	
Weingarten Investments	13,402,898	7	1.16%		n/a	
NNN Park at Spring Creek LLC	11,635,917	8	1.01%		n/a	
Target Corporation	11,018,148	9	0.95%		n/a	
A S 62 HWY 249 & FM 2920	10,850,000	10	0.94%		n/a	
Reliant Energy - HL & P		n/a		12,716,630	3	3.29%
Southwestern Bell Telephone		n/a		8,822,770	4	2.28%
Park at Spring Creek L.C.		n/a		7,518,850	5	1.94%
Center America Properties		n/a		6,245,450	6	1.62%
Four Corners Equity Corporation		n/a		6,165,580	7	1.59%
Commonwealth SW		n/a		5,824,440	8	1.51%
KB Fund IV		n/a		5,636,800	9	1.46%
Alphil Investments		n/a		5,511,820	10	1.43%
Subtotal	\$ 265,970,040		23.01%	\$ 105,438,970		27.27%
Other Taxpayers	890,138,896		76.99%	281,254,620		72.73%
Total	<u>\$ 1,156,108,936</u>		<u>100.00%</u>	<u>\$ 386,693,590</u>		<u>100.00%</u>

Source: Harris County Tax Assessor-Collector's records.

# CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS

## PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Years

	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>
Tax levy	\$ 1,330,000	\$ 1,549,800	\$ 1,600,000	\$ 1,915,562
Current tax collected	\$ 1,249,890	\$ 1,411,192	\$ 1,425,600	\$ 1,771,895
Percent of current tax collections	93.98%	91.06%	89.10%	92.50%
Delinquent tax collections	<u>\$ 78,238</u>	<u>\$ 136,512</u>	<u>\$ 169,413</u>	<u>\$ 136,423</u>
Total tax collections	<u>\$ 1,328,128</u>	<u>\$ 1,547,704</u>	<u>\$ 1,595,013</u>	<u>\$ 1,908,318</u>
Total collections as a percentage of current levy	99.86%	99.86%	99.69%	99.62%

<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>
\$ 2,013,497	\$ 1,993,481	\$ 2,130,000	\$ 2,517,121	\$ 2,903,211	\$ 2,907,289
\$ 1,834,296	\$ 1,798,120	\$ 1,904,220	\$ 2,469,639	\$ 2,843,461	\$ 2,850,087
91.10%	90.20%	89.40%	98.11%	97.40%	98.03%
\$ 171,096	\$ 184,577	\$ 212,660	\$ 30,853	\$ 37,482	\$ -
<u>\$ 2,005,392</u>	<u>\$ 1,982,697</u>	<u>\$ 2,116,880</u>	<u>\$ 2,500,492</u>	<u>\$ 2,880,943</u>	<u>\$ 2,850,087</u>
99.60%	99.46%	99.38%	99.34%	99.23%	98.03%

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE**  
 Last Eight Years (1)

	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>
<b>PRIMARY GOVERNMENT</b>				
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>				
General obligation bonds	\$ 13,920,000	\$ 21,170,000	\$ 19,905,000	\$ 18,839,500
Capital leases	742,483	618,645	492,372	363,467
<b>Subtotal</b>	<u>\$ 14,662,483</u>	<u>21,788,645</u>	<u>20,397,372</u>	<u>19,202,967</u>
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>				
Revenue bonds	\$ 17,110,000	16,590,000	16,005,000	15,085,500
<b>TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT</b>	<u>\$ 31,772,483</u>	<u>\$ 38,378,645</u>	<u>\$ 36,402,372</u>	<u>\$ 34,288,467</u>
<b>PERSONAL INCOME</b>	\$ 371,937,441	\$ 220,726,922	\$ 300,104,460	\$ 280,510,625
<b>DEBT AS A PERCENTAGE     OF PERSONAL INCOME</b>	8.542%	17.387%	12.130%	12.224%
<b>POPULATION</b>	9,843	9,883	9,930	10,625
<b>DEBT PER CAPITA</b>	\$ 3,228	\$ 3,883	\$ 3,666	\$ 3,227

(1) The requirement for statistical data is ten years; only eight years are available at this time.

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>
\$ 17,774,000	\$ 16,688,500	\$ 15,578,000	\$ 14,497,500
290,793	218,540	-	-
<u>18,064,793</u>	<u>16,907,040</u>	<u>15,578,000</u>	<u>14,497,500</u>
14,151,000	13,206,500	12,247,000	11,277,500
<u>\$ 32,215,793</u>	<u>\$ 30,113,540</u>	<u>\$ 27,825,000</u>	<u>\$ 25,775,000</u>
\$ 282,486,000	\$ 276,767,062	\$ 285,081,600	\$ 290,186,220
11.404%	10.880%	9.760%	8.882%
11,500	11,531	11,600	11,670
\$ 2,801	\$ 2,612	\$ 2,399	\$ 2,209

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**RATIO OF NET BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE,**  
**NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA, AND ASSESSED**  
**AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY**  
**Last Ten Years**

	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>
<b>NET TAXABLE ASSESSED VALUE</b>				
All property	\$ 493,134,250	\$ 561,181,320	\$ 580,358,740	\$ 683,847,570
<b>NET BONDED DEBT</b>				
Gross bonded debt	\$ 13,780,000	\$ 32,780,000	\$ 31,030,000	\$ 37,760,000
Less debt service funds	-	-	-	-
<b>Net Bonded Debt</b>	<u>\$ 13,780,000</u>	<u>\$ 32,780,000</u>	<u>\$ 31,030,000</u>	<u>\$ 37,760,000</u>
<b>RATIO OF NET BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE</b>	2.79%	5.84%	5.35%	5.52%
<b>POPULATION</b>	9,543	9,829	9,843	9,883
<b>NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA</b>	\$ 1,444	\$ 3,335	\$ 3,152	\$ 3,821

<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>
\$ 672,907,720	\$ 783,134,388	\$ 981,484,973	\$ 1,078,151,768	\$ 1,154,564,959	\$ 1,156,108,936
\$ 35,910,000	\$ 33,925,000	\$ 31,925,000	\$ 29,895,000	\$ 27,825,000	\$ 25,775,000
-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>\$ 35,910,000</u>	<u>\$ 33,925,000</u>	<u>\$ 31,925,000</u>	<u>\$ 29,895,000</u>	<u>\$ 27,825,000</u>	<u>\$ 25,775,000</u>
5.34%	4.33%	3.25%	2.77%	2.41%	2.23%
9,930	10,625	11,500	11,531	11,600	11,670
\$ 3,616	\$ 3,193	\$ 2,776	\$ 2,593	\$ 2,399	\$ 2,209

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**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
***DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT***  
September 30, 2010

Governmental Unit	<u>Net Bonded Debt Outstanding</u>	<u>Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)</u>	<u>Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt</u>
<b>Debt repaid with property taxes</b>			
Tomball ISD	\$ 280,245,000	23.31%	\$ 65,325,110
Harris County	2,238,411,628	0.41%	9,177,488
Harris Co. Flood Control District	105,482,945	0.41%	432,480
Port of Houston Authority	78,269,397	0.41%	320,905
Harris County Dept of Education	81,160,000	0.41%	332,756
Lone Star College System	541,810,000	0.98%	<u>5,309,738</u>
Subtotal, overlapping debt			80,898,476
<b>City direct debt</b>		100.000%	<u>14,497,500</u>
<b>Total direct and overlapping debt</b>			<u><u>\$ 95,395,976</u></u>

Source: First Southwest Company

# CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS

## LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

Last Eight Years (1)

	Fiscal Year			
	2003	2004	2005	2006
Debt limit	\$ 58,035,874	\$ 68,384,757	\$ 67,290,772	\$ 78,313,439
Total net debt applicable to limit	13,920,000	21,170,000	19,905,000	18,839,500
Legal debt margin	\$ 44,115,874	\$ 47,214,757	\$ 47,385,772	\$ 59,473,939
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	23.99%	30.96%	29.58% #	24.06%

### Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2010

Assessed value	\$ 1,156,108,936
Debt limit (10% of assessed value)	115,610,894 (2)
Debt applicable to limit:	
General obligation bonds	14,497,500
Less: amount set aside for repayment of general obligation debt	-
Total net debt applicable to limit	14,497,500
Legal debt margin	\$ 101,113,394

Note: The City's Home Rule Charter (1987) does not limit bonded debt.

(1) The requirement for statistical data is ten years; only eight years are available at this time.

(2) According to the City Charter, the City has no legal debt limit

<b>Fiscal Year</b>			
<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>
\$ 98,148,497	\$ 107,815,177	\$ 115,456,496	\$ 115,610,894
17,774,000	16,688,500	15,578,000	14,497,500
<u>\$ 80,374,497</u>	<u>\$ 91,126,677</u>	<u>\$ 99,878,496</u>	<u>101,113,394</u>
18.11%	15.48%	13.49%	12.54%

# CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS

## PLEGGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

Last Ten Years

	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>
Gross revenues	\$ 6,366,787	\$ 5,748,215	\$ 6,204,814	\$ 7,005,922
Operating expenses (1)	<u>3,579,876</u>	<u>3,070,238</u>	<u>3,850,816</u>	<u>4,539,346</u>
Net revenues available for debt service	<u>\$ 2,786,911</u>	<u>\$ 2,677,977</u>	<u>\$ 2,353,998</u>	<u>\$ 2,466,576</u>
<b>DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS (2)</b>				
Principal and interest	\$ 575,996	\$ 538,239	\$ 538,846	\$ 538,846
Total	<u>575,996</u>	<u>538,239</u>	<u>538,846</u>	<u>538,846</u>
Coverage	4.84	4.98	4.37	4.58

(1) Total operating expenses less depreciation

(2) Includes revenue bonds only

<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>
\$ 9,637,212	\$ 7,014,177	\$ 9,450,511	\$ 9,987,545	\$ 11,442,271	\$ 10,700,826
<u>4,941,774</u>	<u>5,603,456</u>	<u>6,238,127</u>	<u>7,039,498</u>	<u>6,593,348</u>	<u>6,338,235</u>
<u>\$ 4,695,438</u>	<u>\$ 1,410,721</u>	<u>\$ 3,212,384</u>	<u>\$ 2,948,047</u>	<u>\$ 4,599,281</u>	<u>\$ 4,362,591</u>
\$ 540,020	\$ 540,674	\$ 541,047	\$ 541,575	\$ 538,595	\$ 542,505
<u>540,020</u>	<u>540,674</u>	<u>541,047</u>	<u>541,575</u>	<u>538,595</u>	<u>542,505</u>
8.69	2.61	5.94	5.44	8.54	8.04

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS**  
 Last Ten Years

<b>Fiscal Year Ended Sept 30</b>	<b>Population(1)</b>	<b>Personal Income</b>	<b>Per Capita Personal Income(5)</b>	<b>Median Age(2)</b>	<b>School Enrollment(3)</b>	<b>Unemployment Rate(4)</b>
2001	9,543	399,469,980	41,860	36.3	7,775	5.60%
2002	9,829	321,418,129	32,701	36.3	8,048	6.50%
2003	9,843	371,937,441	37,787	34.6	8,394	6.90%
2004	9,883	220,726,922	22,334	34.6	8,730	5.50%
2005	9,930	300,104,460	30,222	36.3	8,968	5.30%
2006	10,625	280,510,625	26,401	34.1	9,075	4.70%
2007	11,500	282,486,000	24,564	35.6	9,358	4.30%
2008	11,531	276,767,062	24,002	36.8	9,311	5.10%
2009	11,600	285,081,600	34,576	36.8	9,691	8.40%
2010	11,670	290,186,220	24,866	36.8	10,229	8.70%

Data sources:

- (1) Estimated (2000 census adjusted for growth)
- (2) Tomball Economic Development Corporation
- (3) Tomball Independent School District
- (4) Texas Employment Commission, Houston Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area
- (5) Tomball Economic Development Corporation

# CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS

## PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Ten Years Ago

Employer	2010			2000		
	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Tomball Regional Hospital	1,600	1	33.74%	1,200	1	25.31%
Tomball ISD	1,436	2	30.28%	958	2	20.20%
Tomball College (NHMCCD)	800	3	16.87%	471	4	9.93%
Wal-Mart	460	4	9.70%	330	5	6.96%
BJ Services Company, USA	600	5	12.65%	500	3	10.54%
HEB	257	6	5.42%	-	n/a	0.00%
City of Tomball	169	7	3.56%	86	6	1.81%
Kroger	142	8	2.99%	-	n/a	0.00%
Lowe's	122	9	2.57%	-	n/a	0.00%
Target	116	10	2.45%	-	n/a	0.00%

Note: The residents of the City of Tomball are primarily employed outside of the City limits. Percentages are based on the labor force statistic from the 2000 census data (4742). Data was only available for the top six employees ranked in 2000.

**Sources:**

Tomball Area Chamber of Commerce  
 Tomball Economic Development Corporation  
 Tomball Independent School District  
 Human Resource Department of Listed Companies

# CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS

## FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

Last Ten Years

	Fiscal Year									
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
<b>General Fund:</b>										
Administration	7.5	7.5	7.5	8	8.5	8.5	9.5	10	15	14.5
Permits & Inspection	2	3.5	3.5	4.5	4.5	5	6	6	5	5
Police Department	41.5	44	44	47.5	50.5	50.5	52.5	55	55	55
Municipal Court	6	7	6	5.5	4.5	4	4	5	5	5
Community Center	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Fire Department	1	1.5	5.5	8.5	9	9	12	14	14	14
Public Works Admin.	3.5	4	4.5	4.5	6	5.5	6	9	9	9
Garage	1.5	1.5	1.5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parks	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	5.2	5.2	5.2
Streets	7.3	7.3	8.3	10.2	9.2	9.2	7.2	7.2	8.2	8.2
<b>General Fund Total</b>	<b>77.8</b>	<b>83.8</b>	<b>87.3</b>	<b>95.9</b>	<b>100.4</b>	<b>99.9</b>	<b>105.4</b>	<b>115.4</b>	<b>120.4</b>	<b>119.9</b>
<b>Enterprise Fund:</b>										
Utility Administration	7.5	8.5	8.5	9	11.25	11.5	11.5	12	10	9
Water	4.42	5.76	5.92	6.82	6.83	8.2	7.2	8.2	6.2	7.2
Wastewater	6.29	7.62	7.79	9.64	9.64	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2	10.2
Gas	4.29	4.62	5.29	7.14	7.14	6.2	7.2	7.2	6.2	6.2
<b>Enterprise Fund Total</b>	<b>22.5</b>	<b>26.5</b>	<b>27.5</b>	<b>32.6</b>	<b>34.86</b>	<b>36.1</b>	<b>36.1</b>	<b>37.6</b>	<b>32.6</b>	<b>32.6</b>
<b>TOTAL CITY POSITIONS</b>	<b>100.3</b>	<b>110.3</b>	<b>114.8</b>	<b>128.5</b>	<b>135.26</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>141.5</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>152.5</b>

**NOTES:**

Around 20-35 temporary and seasonal employees are hired during the summer months as camp counselors, pool personnel and front desk. This count is not reflected above.  
 Police reserves (25) are not included.  
 Fire Department volunteers (60) are not included.

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**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM**  
 Last Eight Years (1)

Function/Program	Fiscal Year							
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
<b>Police</b>								
Arrests	2,034	1,804	1,766	1,611	1,812	1,840	1,625	2,049
Accident reports	704	650	563	523	609	499	440	330
Citations	5,518	8,153	13,194	12,473	7,602	12,445	10,820	14,694
Offense reports	2,319	2,959	2,130	2,321	2,174	2,398	2,050	1,705
Calls for service	9,323	8,553	8,804	8,861	8,558	8,299	7,688	7,348
<b>Fire</b>								
Emergency responses	N/A	647	623	860	1,028	1,241	1,056	1,341
Fire incidents	N/A	113	170	278	170	206	218	220
Average response time	N/A	6:19	6:17	6:07	5:40	5:34	4:38	5:15
<b>Water</b>								
New accounts	597	639	674	875	719	663	532	89
Source:								
Water	597	639	674	875	719	663	532	89
Sewer	597	639	674	875	719	663	532	89
Average daily consumption								
(millions of gallons)	1,798	1,798	1,851	2,002	1,897	1,980	2,166	1,941
Number of million gallons of								
well water pumped	656,384	675,448	751,880	730,198	692,163	722,788	790,409	708,565
Total consumption (millions of gallons)	656,384	675,448	751,880	730,198	692,363	722,788	790,409	708,565
Peak daily consumption								
(millions of gallons)	3,492	3,492	3,322	3,395	3,241	4,425	3,791	3,480
<b>Sewer</b>								
Average daily sewage treatment								
(millions of gallons)	1.339	1.595	1.468	1.500	1.636	1.422	1.428	1.362
Total consumption (millions of gallons)	488.735	582.175	535.820	547.500	597.140	519.030	521.220	497.166
Peak daily consumption								
(millions of gallons)	3.30	4.50	4.30	4.50	5.10	5.90	5.10	3.72

Source: Various City departments

(1) The requirement for statistical data is ten years; only eight years are available at this time.

**CITY OF TOMBALL, TEXAS**  
**CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM**  
 Last Eight Years (1)

	Fiscal Year							
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
<b>Function/Program</b>								
<b>Police</b>								
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	26	26	27	31	32	26	28	30
Fire stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
<b>Other public works</b>								
Streets (miles - centerlines)	69.9	71.0	71.0	72.0	72.0	72.6	73.0	56.2
Streetlights	462	462	639	642	648	648	648	650
<b>Parks and recreation</b>								
Parks	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Parks acreage	24 acres	24 acres	24 acres	24 acres	24 acres	24 acres	24 acres	24 acres
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Baseball/softball diamonds	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Tennis courts	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Basketball courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
<b>Water</b>								
Water mains (miles)	59	59	74	86	88	89	91.29	91.59
Fire hydrants	630	630	668	802	831	831	869	874
Storage capacity (millions of gallons)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.85	1.85	1.85	1.85
<b>Sewer</b>								
Sanitary sewers (miles)	48.0	48.0	51.5	54.5	56.0	56.17	58.6	58.86
Storm sewers (miles)	15.0	16.2	16.9	16.9	16.9	16.9	17.2	17.4
Open ditch/creek/canal drainage (miles)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	52.00	53	53.4	53.7
Treatment capacity (millions of gallons)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Source: Various City departments

(1) The requirement for statistical data is ten years; only eight years are available at this time.